The Weather
Unsettled

THE BISMARCK TRIBUNE

Last Edition

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PROBERS TAKE UP THE BANK OF NORTH DAKOTA

CHANGES IN TAX LAW ON INCOMES IS RECOMMENDED

Tax Commissioner George E. Wallace Drafts Measure for Legislative Committee

CORPORATION RATE UP

Would Increase It to 3 1-2 Per-Cent If Capital Stock Tax Is Repealed

Important changes in the present income tax law of the state are brought forth in a bill drawn by Tax Commissioner George E. Wallace for the consideration of the legislative taxation committees, after he conferred with them and a request was made for such action.

The bill provides the recommendations made by the tax commissioner in his annual report. Among the important changes are:

Corporation income tax increased from 3 to 3 1-2 percent, but only in case capital stock tax act is repealed.

Personal property offset done away with.

Income from mortgages on real estate mortgages secured on North Dakota real property are not exempted.

Interest upon obligations of political subdivisions as well as state obligations exempted.

The North Dakota income tax law differs from other income tax laws in the United States in that it classifies income as earned and unearned and imposes a higher rate on unearned than on earned income. This distinction is maintained in the proposed new law. A sur-tax is imposed on unearned income as follows:

1% of the amount by which the net unearned income exceeds $2,000, and does not exceed $3,000.

2% of the amount by which the net unearned income exceeds $3,000, and does not exceed $4,000.

3% of the amount by which the net unearned income exceeds $4,000, and does not exceed $5,000.

4% of the amount by which the net unearned income exceeds $5,000, and does not exceed $6,000.

5% of the amount by which the net unearned income exceeds $6,000, and does not exceed $7,000.

6% of the amount by which the net unearned income exceeds $7,000, and does not exceed $8,000.

7% of the amount by which the net unearned income exceeds $7,000, and does not exceed $8,000.

The rates on earned income are as follows:

a. On the first $1,000 of taxable income, or any part thereof, at the rate of 1%.

b. On the second $1,000 of taxable income, or any part thereof, at the rate of 1½%

c. On the third $1,000 of taxable income, or any part thereof, at the rate of 2%.

d. On the fourth $1,000 of taxable income, or any part thereof, at the rate of 2½%.

e. On the fifth $1,000 of taxable income, or any part thereof, at the rate of 3%.

f. On the sixth $1,000 of taxable income, or any part thereof, at the rate of 3½%.

g. On the seventh $1,000 of taxable income, or any part thereof, at the rate of 4%.

h. On the eighth $1,000 of taxable income, or any part thereof, at the rate of 4½%.

i. On the ninth $1,000 of taxable income, or any part thereof, at the rate of 5%.

j. On the tenth $1,000 of taxable income, or any part thereof, at the rate of 5½%

k. On any amount of taxable income in excess of $10,000, at the rate of 6%.

Rate Increase.

The rate upon corporations is increased from 3 to 3½% This rate was recommended by the tax commissioner only in case the capital stock tax law was repealed. A bill has been introduced to repeal the capital stock tax law The original income tax law attempted to impose a tax on income of non-residents derived from investments in North Dakota the new bill imposes a tax only in case of income received by non-residents from property located in the state or business carried on in the state and does not attempt to tax non-residents on income from any form of intangible property The taxes imposed by the proposed new law are levied only upon income derived from property located or business transacted in the state The proposed act provides that income from personal services and land contracts, mortgages, stocks, bonds and securities shall follow the residence of the recipients

Offset Is Removed.

The personal property offset has been done away with This does away in part with the discrimination of the present law in regard to corporations as compared with businesses of partnerships or individuals Dividends received by an individual from a corporation paying a state income tax are exempt from taxation to the individual or another corporation receiving the same Interest upon obligations of the state or political sub-divisions of the state are exempted. The income tax law at present does not exempt interest upon obli-

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CHRISTMAS GIFT

MRS WARREN G. HARDING

The diamond brooch Mrs. Warren G. Harding is wearing here is her Christmas present from the president elect.

HOUSE ACTS TO REMOVE POWER OF GOVERNOR

Would Not Permit Chief Executive to Hire Special Assistant Attorney-General

LEAGUERS HIT IT

The house, in its yesterday afternoon session, advanced to third reading a bill of considerable importance The measure would remove from the governor the power to name special assistant attorneys general and concentrate the legal business of the state in the office of that official. The bill also provides for the transfer of about $9,000 in the governor's fund to the attorney general's office for use in the state's defense in the railroad rate and other cases.

The measure came before the house on divided committee report, the majority of the appropriations committee favoring approval of the bill and the minority asking indefinite postponement. Representative John Maddock, Nonpartisan, moved to substitute the minority report for the majority, the motion being lost 46 to 55, and on the motion which followed to approve the majority report the vote was 57 to 53.

Representative Maddock attacked the action of the majority of the appropriations committee, comprising the Independents, as an effort to camouflage the request of Attorney General Lemke for funds to fight the railroad rate and other cases. He said the information furnished by the governor showed that part of this $9,000 was due attorneys and the remainder was to pay for counsel engaged but not paid

Chairman Watt of the committee said the bill would take the money now in the governor's fund and give it to Mr. Lemke for immediate use and that any other necessities could be taken care of in the appropriation bill He said he was anxious to see Mr Lemke win the railroad rate case.

Representative Walter Maddock said it would be a mistake to take away from the governor the power to name assistant attorneys general, that the practice of giving the governor some power in this respect was general, and that to vote for the transfer of the $9,000 would be to indicate lack of confidence in the veracity of the governor in his statement as to the condition of the fund.

"The power of the attorney general's office was divided during the term of the former incumbent," said Mr. Watt, "because of political differences. A practice has grown up to take power away from a man if he is opposed to the majority of the legislature in politics I am against that, and I am against centralizing too great power in the hands of the governor of this state, taking it away from the attorney general elected by the people Don't forget that if you vote for this report you are voting to decentralize this phase of government."

The house engaged in a long debate on the bill providing that one school district shall pay tuition for a pupil of that district if there is no high school in it, when the pupil attends a high school in another district The maximum tuition would be $1 50 per week The bill had not been acted upon when the house adjourned to hear Dr Kane, Dr Allen and Dr. Ladd speak

Among the new bills introduced were game and fish bills, treated in another story and a bill appropriating $12 000 and creating a state employment service

HUNTERS WIN HOUSE VICTORY

Chicken hunters will score a victory in the house this afternoon when the report of the game and fish committee is introduced It amended the bill fixing closed seasons for two years so as to shorten the present open season to 21 days from 31.

The bill fixes the season from Sept. 16 to Oct 6

GENERAL BOARD WANTS BUILDING AT FULL SPEED

Navy Board Warns Against Any Check in Battleship Program

STRONG NAVY NEEDED

Airplanes and Submarines Have Not Supplanted Big Ship, Claim

Washington, Feb. 3.—The major ship remains the basis of sea power and those who argue that the aeroplane and the submarine have taken its place are asking the country to accept hope for accomplishment, the navy general board says in its report to Secretary Daniels today.

The report says the general board reiterates its belief in the battleships as forming the principal unit of the fleets. Without these the United States could not cope with existing naval powers, the report asserts.

The board said there is no thought of instituting competitive shipbuilding and that no other nation can justly take exception to our position.

The report was approved by Secretary Daniels, who transmitted it to the senate naval committee for its information in considering disarmament resolutions.

Asserting that the policy of the board since 19 2 was that of eventually creating a navy equal to the strongest in the world, the board urges no rest period and that no disarmament policy be agreed to by the United States which would modify the great building program of 1916.

In the future, as in all times previous to the world war, this nation probably will have to rely entirely upon its own powers, was a note of warning sounded

Under the resolution the proposed conference would be held in Washington but the calling of it would be left to the discretion of the president. This is the first definite action taken by any congressional committee looking toward a conference for disarmament.

The senate foreign affairs committee has reported out Senator Borah's resolution looking towards reduction of disarmament.

SENATE PASSES BILL TO ALLOW WOMEN ON JURY

Measure Goes Through Easily—Coal Mine Bill Goes Back to Committee

STATE BANK SUBJECT

Women will have the right to serve on juries in North Dakota if the Liederbach bill, which passed the senate yesterday afternoon, meets with the same approval in the house.

A similar bill has already been placed on general orders in the house with recommendations to pass.

The bill as amended makes it optional with women whether or not they sit. Senator Ployhar of Barnes offered this amendment. There was some objection, members holding that women should be responsible for service in the same degree as men.

FAITH IN WOMEN.

Senator Ployhar said he had enough faith in the women of the state to believe that they would not try to evade their duty Senator Baker of Renville explained that this was only the first step and the bill could be made more stringent at the next session if it was found advisable.

Senator Church's bill, No 81, creating a state mine to furnish coal for state institutions, was referred back to the state affairs committee to hold until the senate is ready to consider it

Resolution Up.

A concurrent resolution was introduced by Senators Storstad of Cass and Gardner of Nelson, instructing the director general of the state bank to pay $24,108 67 back into the general fund This amount is the balance which report of the industrial commission shows is available out of the profits of the state bank to be paid back out of the money advanced by the legislature for the starting of the bank It also directs that the monthly balance in this fund hereafter shall be paid over to the general fund. The law making the appropriation to assist in the establishing of the bank states that it shall be paid back to the general fund as soon as the profits are available.

Only two bills were introduced yesterday

WOULD INVITE WORLD NATIONS

Washington, Feb 3 —A resolution authorizing the president to invite the nations of the world to a conference to provide for disarmament was reported favorably today by the house foreign affairs committee

In Siam the white elephant is a royal animal and must be given all luxuries due to royalty.

M. O. HALL HERE SEEKING AID FOR FARMERS OF STATE

M. O. Hall, founder of Mohall, N D, who still retains property interests in North Dakota, is attending the session of the legislature in the interests of securing relief for farmers in Renville and other counties.

He has assisted in obtaining the passage of a resolution memorializing congress for federal aid to assist farmers in securing seed wheat and necessary farm implements.

Mr. Hall is publisher of a unique directory of North Dakotans who are residents of San Diego, Cal. He is also president of the North Dakota Society of San Diego, Cal.

DOWES SHOWERS COMMITTEE WITH PROFANE DELUGE

Army Supply General Attacks House Investigating Committee

Wants Congressmen to Look Into Waste at Home Instead of Abroad

Washington, Feb. 3 —Turning to the members of the house committee, Charles Dowes, former head of army supply procurement service in France, told one of them today that the value of their work had been rendered useless through injection of partisan politics.

"I resent this effort to reflect upon the entire army because some poor devil plundered in Switzerland. You cannot put a blotch upon the army. What the h — did we go in for; to steal money? It was not a Republican or a Democratic war. It was an American war, but yet as a rule the comittee tries to bring in partisan politics.

Urges Work Here.

"You could use your time investigating right here, trying to save disgraceful government waste. You could save more money for the people. But as for France, you haven't evidence enough to bring a case if one existed."

Representative "Flood" (Virginia) told him him idea of the investigation was to draw a lesson for the future and if bad administration was shown to say so, and if there was fraud or graft to find it and see that the guilty are punished.

Keep Politics Out.

"Yes," he replied, "but don't let this thing go before the people as a partisan fight. Everybody wants to hear something bad about somebody else. But I am not here to blacken the character of a soldier who cannot come in to protect himself."

Asked about grafters who followed the army into France, he said: "Yes, they were there; some of the most despicable characters on earth, trying to sell the army things it needed at exorbitant figures. What's his name? Oh, what's the use? He was a traitor and I wish we could have shot him."

Praises Men.

He praised the men in the army and said now it is the fashion to condemn them. There were many women at the hearing, but this did not serve to hamper General Dowes any in the use of profanity

"Long after this committee is dead and gone," he said, "the achievements of the American army will stand as an everlasting blaze of glory. You have tried to make a mountain out of a mole hill; but thank God the army was American, not Democratic or Republican."

Uses More Oaths.

Asserting that people were tired of war talk, General Dowes said "There's no news in it. If it wasn't for my strutting around and swearing there would be no news in this."

General Dowes ripped out oaths as he scored the attempt in some quarters to criticise General Pershing

HOUSE REPORTS SUBSTITUTE FOR PACKING BILL

Committee Recommends Placing Packers Under Dept. of Agriculture

Washington Feb 3—Favorable report was ordered today by the house agricultural committee on a substitute plan for the senate bill providing for federal regulation of the meat packers

Under the substitute, control of the packing houses would be vested in the department of agriculture and the stockyards would be under the interstate commerce commission

WEATHER REPORT.

For twenty-four hours ending noon Feb 3

Temperature at a m.	17
Highest yesterday	22
Lowest yesterday	7
Lowest last night	10
Precipitation	06
Highest wind velocity	12--S\

Forecast

For North Dakota. Probably snow tonight, colder west portion Friday partly cloudy and colder, strong shifting winds

MORE KILLED IN RIOTS IN COUNTY CORK

Six Meet Death Near Skibberea in Clash With Policemen

FOUR SHOT IN RIOT

Attacking Party Beat Off After Stiff Engagement Near Dublin

Skibberea, County Cork, Ireland Feb. 3.—Six members of a party said to number several hundred were killed and several others wounded in an attack upon a detachment of fifteen police near here today, according to police reports.

The attacking party was beaten off after a fierce fight, abandoning a quantity of ammunition. The police suffered no casualties.

The attack was on an elaborate scale the accounts state. The Sinn Feiners had as a base, house of Magistrate King, which they had commandeered the previous night and attacked from the surrounding ground. The police returned their fire and the battle waged until arrival of military and police reinforcements.

KILL FOUR MEN.

Dublin, Feb. 3.—Four men are dead on account of a fight with the police near here yesterday. Two of the wounded died late last night. Details have not been received, but it is known that one of the lives was lost when a mine in a road was exploded

Three cars of police were attacked last night, bombs being thrown at them. The police returned the fire and some of the attackers were wounded.

PILOT KILLED WHEN AIRPLANE FALLS IN MINN.

Stewart Meets Death in Accident Near Mendota—Sampson Hurt

Minneapolis, Feb. 3.—K. M. Stewart, pilot in the Minneapolis air mail service was instantly killed today when the plane he was piloting fell three miles south of Mendota, according to information to the air mail service in Minneapolis

George Sampson, his mechanician is in a St. Paul hospital seriously hurt. He may recover.

CALL OFF AIR RACE AROUND GLOBE CIRCLE

International Aeroplane Speed Contest Officially Postponed

New York, Feb. 3 - Plans of the Aero Club of America for an international race around the world have been abandoned, officials announced today. Failure to agree upon rules drawn up by French and American flying clubs was said to be one reason for abandoning the race, and another one given was that the race was impractical with the present stage of progress in plane manufacture

WILL SEEK OUT SLACKER AID

Indianapolis, Feb. 3 — The American Legion will take steps to seek out the man who is reported to have aided Grover Bergdoll to escape from Canada to Germany, according to Legion headquarter here

TWO NATIONS CELEBRATE IN LIMA, PERU, S. A.

American and Peruvian Sailors Celebrate in Southern Waters

Lima Peru Feb 3 This city shared in the program of entertainment arranged for the officers and crews of the warships making up the Atlantic fleet During the afternoon Peruvian and United States sailors were to compete in sporting events A large number of American sailors attended a bull fight here at the fair grounds yesterday afternoon

Cypress and walnut, when used in contact, cause each other to rot.

Home Town Advertises

Marion, Ohio, is out to cash in on the fame the election of Harding brought to the little city. Reproduced here is a "sticker" which the business men and citizens are using on their letters to advertise Marion. The letters and border are in red.

HIGH SCHOOL BOY MISSING FROM HOME

Mystery Surrounds Disappearance of Harold Svensgaard, Sixteen

ORDERED GROCERIES

Never Returned for Supplies He Had Bought for Mother

Harold Svensgaard, sixteen-year-old brother of Arnold Svensgaard, Northern Pacific ticket agent, has been missing since Tuesday evening and no clue to his whereabouts has yet been found.

Gets Groceries.

The boy went to the postoffice direct from school at 4 o'clock and was given the mail at the general delivery window. He ordered groceries for his mother at Mandigo's store and left the groceries while he went to Berisch's garage for a small can of gasoline. He secured the gasoline but did not return for the groceries He has not been seen since.

Harold is one of the most studious boys in high school, cares nothing about outside amusements, and had the happiest of home life where he lives with his widowed mother, a young sister also in high school, and his older brother Arnold. He had no ambitions to leave school and do other things, and inquiry has been carefully made at all hospitals in case of accident.

Came from Bowdon.

The family has recently moved to Bismarck from Bowdon, where the mother had been postmistress for some years. They occupy their new home built by the State Home Builders association on North Fifth street.

WILL LOAN TO GROUP OF BANKS

Washington, Feb. 3.—Preliminary approval of a loan of $10,000,000 to a group of American banks to finance sale of condensed milk and other products to Europe, was announced today by the war finance corporation, the first loan authorized since it was reformed

SERVE PAPERS ON STATE BANK FOR SARGENT

County Starts Action to Recover Funds on Deposit With Cathro

Papers have ben served on the state bank by the Burleigh county sheriff's office in the action brought by Sargent county to recover funds on deposit

Through its states attorney, S A Sweetland, Sargent county seeks to force the state bank to pay back to the county current funds amounting to $75 000 and sinking funds amounting to $48 000

Mr Sweetland has announced that Sargent county will garnishee all deposits of the state bank in Sargent county banks

SENTENCE MEN TO CAL. PRISON

Los Angeles Calif Feb 3 Arthur and Floyd Carr convicts and confessed kidnapers of Mrs Gladys Witherell were today sentenced to 10 years to life imprisonment

REFUSE TO CUT OFFICERS

Washington Feb 3 - The house today voted down 86 to 29 an amendment to the army appropriation bill proposing reduction of officers from 14 000 to 8 500

CAPITAL STOCK AND BOND LOAN INQUIRED INTO

Attorneys Ask What Law Authorizes Bank to Hypothecate Capital Stock Bonds

RECORDS ARE PRODUCED

Omission Offers Access to Institutions—Lemke Assails Committee Course

The house investigation of industries got fairly under way today.

Records of the Industrial Commission, over which there was argument yesterday, were produced. The commission, at a meeting, however, made the reservation that the particular records desired must be asked for and remain in the hands of the officer who produces them, and that officer must gain permission to produce the particular records.

Rules of the committee were amended to cover the refusal of any officer to produce records. They previously had related to oral testimony of individuals. Unless information desired for by the committee is given, under the rules, contempt proceedings may be instituted.

H. W. Paddock, secretary of the Industrial Commission, and F. W. Cathro, director-general of the Bank of North Dakota, were on the stand during the morning. Paddock declared when he took the stand that the notice served on him to bring to the attention of the committee was not the notice that he had understood the committee sanction, that it was presented as the unanimous will of the committee and that one member of the committee had never seen it. He asked that the original motion of the committee be read. The committee noted five to four against it. Attorney-General Lemke, after the hearing, declared he had no confidence in a committee which falsifies the records."

During the examination Mr. Paddock minutes of the Industrial Commission relating to the organization were read, and the examination of Mr. Cathro was only fairly well begun. He was called to appear tomorrow.

Lemke Appears Again.

When Mr. Cathro went on the stand Mr. Lemke said he desired to enter appearance as attorney for the state and for Mr. Cathro. Mr. Cathro gave his residence as Bottineau, N. D.

He was asked to name departmental heads. He gave them as L. P. McAneney, credits department director; A. Johannsen, audits department director, and said the bank had no head of the farm loan department or bond department at the present time, or of the statistics and publicity department.

W. H. McIntosh, formerly associated with Mr. Cathro in the First National bank of Bottineau, was manager of the loan department as head of the farm loan department until Jan. 1, 1921, Mr. Cathro said. Mr. Cathro said he acted as head of the publicity department, with W. G. Boyle in charge of statistics.

Wants Trial Balance.

Francis Murphy, committee counsel, asked that Mr. Cathro bring with him later the daily trial balance of the bank as of Dec. 3, 1920, the date of the examination by Bishop, Brissman and company, of Feb. 1, 1921, and of April 1, 1920. On suggestion of Mr. Lemke, Mr. Cathro said that he would do so, if the Industrial Commission permitted him Mr. Murphy plunged immediately into the question of the bank's capital

Opens Without Capital.

"When the bank opened July 28, 1919, what was its capital stock?" asked Mr. Murphy

"It had no capital," Mr Cathro replied

The bank acquired capital, "in cash or equivalent," between that time and two or three weeks later, the witness said

"What do you mean by equivalent?"

"It was a check from myself as director general of the Bank of North

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REFUSES TO POST REPORTS

Chicago, Feb 3 Posting of Argentine trade quotations was discontinued on order of the president of the Chicago grain exchange who held they do not intelligently show supply and demand

PRINTERS MEET AT ST. LOUIS

St Louis Feb 3 Employing commercial and job printers of the middle west met here today to discuss methods of combating demands of union printers for 44 instead of 48 hours a week

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DEMPSEY BOUT CALLED OFF BY ITS PROMOTORS

Heavyweight Champion Announces Indefinite Postponement of Fight

Los Angeles, Feb. 2.—The 15-round bout between Dempsey, heavyweight champion, and Willard, scheduled for March 17 in New York, has been indefinitely postponed, Dempsey announced today.

He said he had received a telegram from New York from his manager, Jack Kearns, announcing indefinite postponement.

He said he had received no detailed reasons, but understood it was because of the ruling of the boxing commission of New York limiting admission price to $15 for seats.

TO INVESTIGATE U. S. ACTIVITIES

Washington, Feb. 2.—The resolution by Senator Johnson proposing investigation of Amreican activities in Siberia was reported favorably today by the senate foregn relations committee.

FORD GAINS IN MICH. RECOUNT

Washington, Feb. 2.—Recount of ballots in the Michigan senatorial election left Senator Newberry, Republican, with a plurality of 4,334 over Henry Ford.

Mr. Ford made a net gain of 3,233 votes in the recount.

'CASCARETS' FOR CONSTIPATION

Just think! A pleasant, harmless Cascaret works while you sleep and has your liver active, head clear, stomach sweet and bowels moving as regular as a clock by morning. No griping or inconvenience. 10, 25 or 50 cent boxes. Children love this candy cathartic too.

W. C. MacFADDEN ISSUES STATEMENT ON SALE OF STATE SECURITIES

Fargo, Feb. 2.—The North Dakota State Bankers' association, through its secretary, W. C. Macfadden, today issued the following statement on the subject, "Why North Dakota State Bonds Do Not Sell":

"The people of the state and the northwest in general," reads the statement, "are wondering why the bonds of the state do not sell. The state has large resources; its products are mainly the necessities of life; the faith and integrity of its people are pledged, and the present total bonded indebtedness is ridiculously small in proportion to wealth and income.

"Every bond issue is based upon particular conditions as to maturity, rate, security, sinking funds and other particulars, each of which has its relative bearing upon the desirability of the bond from the investors standpoint, but possibly, in state bonds, the time the bond has to run and the details as to the control of the sinking fund are the principal features which control the rate of interest and general desirability.

"In the bonds proposed by the state of North Dakota the maturity and security probably would not be questioned, yet as a general rule the longer a state bond runs, with no privilege of payment, the lower the rate of interest the investor will accept. It is the method of providing and protecting the sinking fund that is the weak spot in the proposed North Dakota state bonds.

Sinking Fund Explained.

"A sinking fund is a fund set aside from current annual or semi-annual income for the purpose of paying the interest and principal as the items severally mature. The income from a state is solely from taxation, therefore, a sinking fund for an issue of state bonds is such a proportion of taxes received as will be sufficient to pay the interest on such bonds as they mature, and in addition, a periodical sum which, during the years the bond runs, will amount to the principal of the bond at its maturity. For instance, a yearly deposit of $87.19 invested at 6 per cent will pay a bond of $1,000 bearing 6 per cent, due in twenty years; consequently, on a 20-year bond there should be provided an annual setting aside from taxes of $87.19 for each $1,000 bond. Such a fund so set aside would be designated 'bond sinking fund.'

"When the North Dakota state bonds are offered, as it is seen above, almost the first subject of inquiry is concerning the sinking fund. Referring to the Bank of North Dakota bonds, the real estate loan and the state mill and elevator bonds, it is proposed to issue Bank of North Dakota bonds, $1,000,000, 5 per cent, due July 1, 1929, and $1,000,000 at 5 per cent due July 1, 1934; state mill and elevator bonds, $5,000,000 at 6 per cent, due January 1, 1941, and of the real estate series, $10,000,000 at 6 per cent, due ten to twenty years from date of issue. Without going into all the details of the sinking funds attempted to be created to provide for the payment of these bonds at maturity, we can truthfully say they are wholly inadequate and uncertain. The detail for the segregation and control of such sinking funds as may be realized from taxation for that purpose are not of such nature as to convince the bond houses that the funds may be available for the payment of interest and principal as they mature and are payable, for the following simple and very easily understood reasons:

State Bank Made Depositary.

"All the funds attempted to be created as 'sinking funds' for the payment of these bonds and interest on the same as they become due and payable are required to be deposited in the Bank of North Dakota, and the Bank of North Dakota under the law creating it and the state industrial commission 'may transfer funds (without limit) to other departments, institutions, utilities, industries, enterprises or other business projects of the state,' has done so already to an extent that has weakened the entire financial structure of the state and may continue to do so under existing laws to an unlimited extent.

"In the same set of laws which create the Bank of North Dakota, and provide for the issuing of bonds to furnish the capital of the bank and finance the industrial projects, section 8 of the law providing for the issuing of the mill and elevator series of bonds; section 6 of the law providing for the issuing of the real estate loan series, and section 4 of the law providing for the Bank of North Dakota series, are the particular sections which attempt to create the necessary sinking funds, and these sections all contain these words: 'Nothing in this act shall be construed to prevent the purchase of any said bonds with any funds in the Bank of North Dakota.'

"All of said laws also provide that nothing in any of them shall be construed as preventing the state treasurer from depositing said funds in the Bank of North Dakota, as provided by law with respect to all public funds.

Millions Cannot Be Marketed.

"All of the foregoing, as briefly as possible, shows the reason why the bonds of the state of North Dakota cannot be sold, all of which may be summarized by saying that state bonds by the millions of dollars' worth cannot be sold except through the regular channel which long years of practical experience have created; that the present laws of our state and the details of issue relative to the security and sinking funds are not satisfactory to those who make the buying and selling of bonds of this character their business; and the industrial commission refuses to agree to the proposals of bond buyers that new legislation be spread upon the statute books which will put some limit on the amount of bonds to be issued for the purposes for which these bonds are issued, nor such laws as will protect the sinking funds created for the ultimate protection of their customers to whom the bonds may be sold.

"It is all a very simple, straightforward business proposition made by one side and rejected by the other, leaving both sides free to go about their other business; and in making this statement the North Dakota State Bankers' association again desires to make it plain that it is not a political organization in any sense of the word; that it does not give a 'whoop' what political party is in control of the state so long as the party in power does not jeopardize the entire financial and business structure of the state."

GO SLOW, SAYS GEN. PERSHING TO HOUSE COM.

Former Army Commander in Europe Warns Against Unpreparedness

Washington, Feb. 2.—A warning against unpreparedness was given before the house naval committee today by General Pershing, who appeared to discuss world disarmament.

While approving disarmament, he said the United States should go ahead with its present navy and army program until definite agreement had been reached by at least five great world powers.

TO WRESTLE AT HEBRON, FEB. 3

Mike Collins of Bismarck will go to Hebron tomorrow night to meet Bill Ritchie of that town at the opera house.

He has another match in Aberdeen, February 12, with $200 side money up.

FIRE BURNS ALL NIGHT IN PRESS PAPER PLANT

Wall Falls on Adjoining Garage Clashing to Basement

Jamestown, Feb. 2.—The Stutsman County Press building burned all night last night. The south wall fell down and crashed through the roof of the garage adjoining and clear to the basement.

The cars and furniture of the garage had been removed. It is owned by the Rand Motor company.

The loss is estimated at $70,000 with $60,000 insurance.

Debs Does Not Want Pardon or Parole At Hands of Wilson

Atlanta, Ga., Feb. 2.—Eugene V. Debs, Socialist leader now serving a 10-year sentence in the federal prison here for violation of the espionage law, was not "surprised nor disappointed" over the president's refusal to commute his sentence, according to a statement he issued today through his counsel, Samuel W. Castleton, of Atlanta.

"It was my only fear," the statement said, "that I might be indebted for my liberty to Woodrow Wilson. My record, good or bad, is at least consistent, and that is the only way it could have been smirched."

Most Pitiful Figure in History.

The statement referred to the president as "the most pitiful figure in history."

"No man in public life in American history," it said, "ever retired so thoroughly discredited, scathingly rebuked, so overwhelmingly impeached and repudiated as Woodrow Wilson. Shortly after the November election his private secretary made a pitiful plea for him, saying that all he craved was the love of the people. This plea was stamped by the American people with the one word, 'Denied.'" After stating that he was "never in better physical condition in my life than I am at this hour," the statement continued:

To Serve Whole Term.

"Mr. Palmer called attention to the fact that I shall be eligible to parole August 11, 1922. In answer to this, I have to say that I shall not apply for parole, nor accept it. I shall serve my term to the last day or leave here with an unconditional pardon. I came for my convictions ad I shall not betray them for any paltry consideration such as a parole. I may be in prison, but unlike the man who keeps me here, I am not an exile from my own country. When I leave this prison I shall go unrepentant.

"Senator Capper showed the other day that out of four billions annual expenditures for this country 97 per cent is spent on war, the result of war and the preparation for war and that 3 per cent is spent on education and constructive work. That's where Wilson stands. I stand for construction instead of devastation."

"I FEEL AS HAPPY AS A BOY," DECLARES TIFFIN

St. Paul Man Says Tanlac Made Him Feel Like a Brand New Man. "It's Great," He Asserts

"I feel as happy as a boy, now that I have got my health back," said C. L. Tiffin, 57 Lyton Place, St. Paul, Minn., a well-known mechanic employed by the Government garage.

"At the time I began taking Tanlac I had suffered from indigestion for a year, and my system was so badly run down there were times when I could hardly stay up. I was very restless at night and often had smothering spells, when I had to get up out of bed in order to breathe.

"Nothing ever helped me and I just kept worrying along until I finally got to taking Tanlac and five bottles have made me feel as well as I did when I was a boy. My stomach is in fine condition and I can eat anything I want without suffering afterwards. I sleep good and just feel fine in every way. Tanlac has made me feel just like a brand new man and I think it is simply grand."

Tanlac is sold in Bismarck by Joseph Breslow, in Driscoll by N. D. and J. H. Barette, in Wing by H. P. Homan, in Strasburg by Strasburg Drug Co. —Advt.

Dr. Grassick Is Again Chosen to Head Association

Dr. J. Grassick of Grand Forks was re-elected president of the North Tuberculosis association at the annual meeting which ended here last night.

Other officers chosen were:

Dr. Fannie Dunn Quaine, Bismarck, vice president.

Oluf Hagen, Lawton, treasurer.

Carle Haugen, Bismarck, secretary.

Members of executive committee: Dr. A. G. Long of Grand Forks, Minnie J. Nielson of Bismarck and Dr. G. J. LaMont of Dunseith.

MEASLES may be followed by serious cold troubles; use nightly—

VICKS VAPORUB

Over 17 Million Jars Used Yearly

WHEN YOU ASK FOR BUTTER SAY "NORTHERN"

"Under Northern Lights"

Featuring Virginia Faire, Leonard Clapham and William Buckley. A Galloping romance of love and duty and the Royal Northwest Mounted Police.

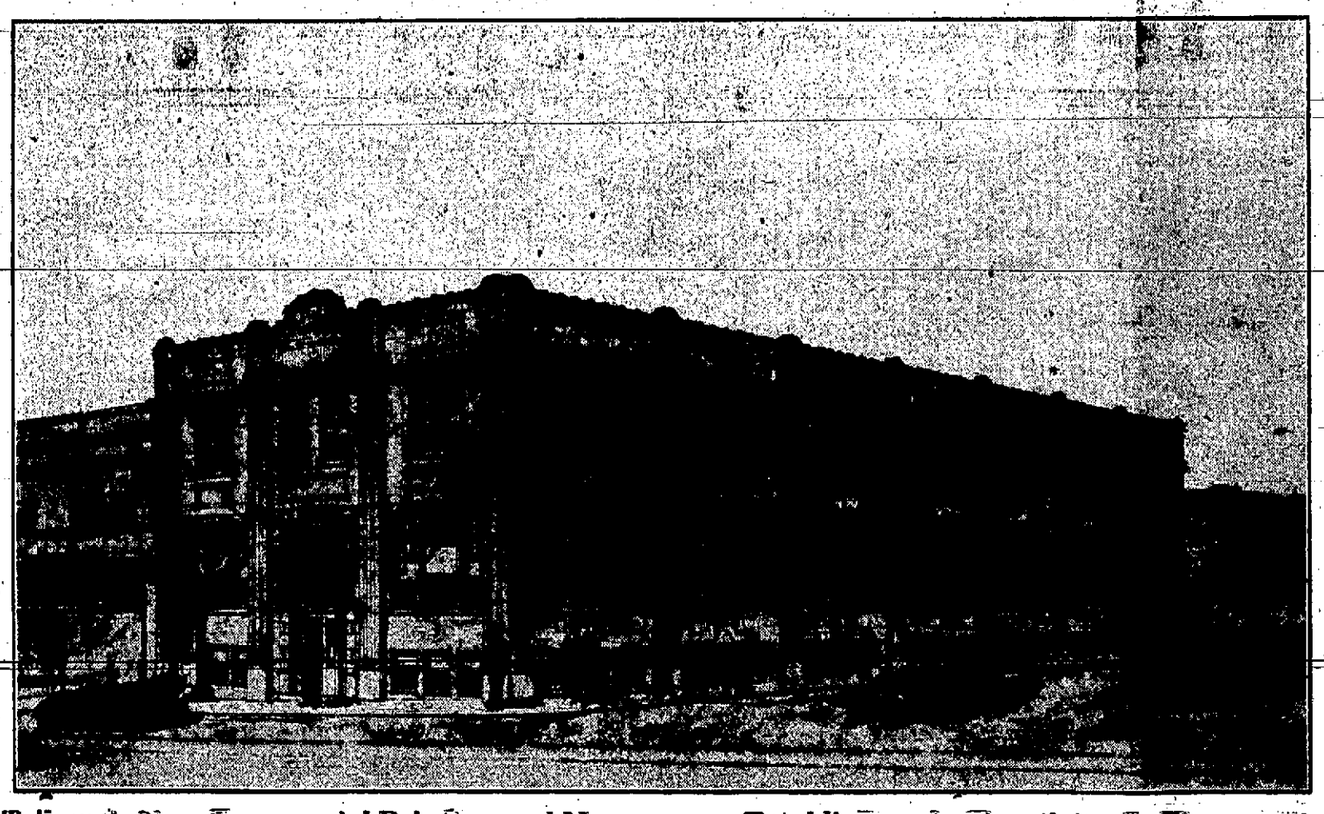
THE PICTURE YOU'VE BEEN WAITING FOR

ORPHEUM

Tonight and Tomorrow

BUILDING YOUR BUSINESS PRINTING

With Machinery That Has Automatic Intelligence and Correctness



Tribune's New Commercial Printing and Newspaper Establishment, Fourth and Thayer Streets

The business man has always been particular with his business stationery, for when he addresses a letter to a customer or business firm, the first thing he wants to see is a well arranged and perfect printed sheet.

In order to meet the desired accuracy in printing, we have installed AUTOMATIC SELF-FEEDING MACHINES which pick up each individual sheet of paper by air suction that is to be printed. This sheet is perfectly placed to the guide pins with more than human intelligence, accuracy and correctness.

With this air pressure process of printing individual sheets, there is absolutely no chance for a sheet of paper to be printed crooked which happens with hand fed sheets.

No doubt MR. BUSINESS MAN you are soon going to have some kind of business printing done and when you are ready to place your order, get in touch with us and we will have our representative call on you and talk it over.

OUR AUTOMATIC AIR FEEDERS will carry and print any size sheet of paper 3x4 to 38x50 inches and print it perfectly and straight.

Letter Heads, Statements, Cards, Booklets and Catalogs

Our Bindery Department can manufacture all kinds of

Blank Books, Ledgers and Special Ruled Sheets

Call 31 and 32 for Our Service Department

THE BISMARCK TRIBUNE COMPANY

NewspaperARCHIVE® NewspaperARCHIVE®

FOES OF 'WHITE PLAGUE' REVIEW FIGHT PROGRESS

North Dakota Tuberculosis Association Hold Sixth Biennial Meeting

REPORTS OF OFFICERS

Dr. Grassick of Grand Forks Is Reelected Head of the Association

The sixth biennial meeting of the North Dakota Tuberculosis association convened at their offices Monday and Tuesday of this week. All the officers of the association and a number of other interested workers were present. The out of town members were: Dr. J. Grassick, Grand Forks; Oluf Hagen, Lawton; Dr. G. J. LaMont, superintendent of the Tuberculosis sanitarium, Dunseith; Dr. A. G. Long, from the public health laboratories, Grand Forks; Mrs. J. E. Stevens, Lawton; Miss Cora Fareth, Wahpeton.

Reports from the various officers covering the work of the last two years were received with enthusiasm. A few of these activities as enumerated by the president were as follows:

1. The association has supplied the necessary funds for the equipment and support of an open air school at the state sanitarium. It is unnecessary to comment on what this means to those who have been deprived of the advantages which this gives to them.

2. It has donated to the state sanitarium many necessary articles of equipment that could not be secured through regular channels and it has at the present time under consideration several projects that will add materially to the efficiency of that institution.

3. It has kept a field agent at work visiting fairs, institutes, public gatherings, conventions, giving lectures, demonstrations, exhibitions and in other ways keeping the cause of good health and right living before the people.

4. —It has kept two public health nurses constantly in the field and a third has lately been added to the force, examining school children, making sanitary surveys, visiting homes, directing corrective procedures, holding mothers' meetings, teaching health principles and in other ways ministering to the physical educational needs of the people. These have examined and listed over 20,000 school children, advised parents, instructed mothers, and in many ways assisted in having defects corrected and conditions improved.

Enrolled 30,000.

5. It has through co-operation with the county superintendents enrolled over 30,000 school children as modern health crusaders, the greatest agency yet devised for teaching health by doing.

6. It has published and distributed over 100,000 copies of the Pennant, the little health journal that brings monthly the gospel of good cheer and helpfulness into the homes of people. It has prepared and distributed thousands of leaflets explaining various phases of public health work. It has furnished anti-tuberculosis literature to all those cases that were diagnosed as positive by the public health laboratories as well as to those who were rejected by the draft board as tubercular. It has done many unmentioned things, some of them personal, many delicate but all having for their object the betterment of humanity."

The future of the association cannot be better expressed than by quoting from the president's address "What of tomorrow? It will be as we make it for our tomorrows are but the products of our yesterdays. The making of a tomorrow is the most magnificent enterprise ever dreamed of. The future is reaching out its great open hands pleading for a plenteous and better tomorrow and we are not living up to our opportunities if we turn a deaf ear to the call! We must take the sheaves of yesterday and of today, thresh them and winnow the grain and give the pure wheat to make bread for tomorrow. We must strip the tattered rags of ignorance, error and superstition from today that tomorrow may be clothed in the garments of Truth [illegible]

With the experiences of the past 12 years to draw from, with a better perfected organization at its disposal with the working forces allied to their opportunities and with headquarters better equipped for service than ever before, we may confidently expect that the associations tomorrow will be worthy of its achievements of yesterday.

Many Angles to Work.

As its name applies the control of tuberculosis will be its first and chief concern; but the disease is so interwoven with our economic system that if it is to be attacked and vanquished it must be approached from many angles. The work as planned for the year may be outlined as follows:

1. Organizing local societies and making them active agencies in tuberculosis work.
2. Organizing the state for modern health crusade.
3. Co-operating with all good health and public welfare agencies for the curbing of tuberculosis and incidentally other preventable diseases.
4. Co-operating in legislative work for better health in North Dakota.
5. Assisting in providing suitable Sanatoria and homes for the tuberculosis and helping those needing aid to gain admittance.
6. Organizing and holding baby welfare and good health clinics in sections remote from medical centers.

Continuing the field work and nursing service, publishing its monthly health magazine, the Pennant, and extending its other activities.

The following officers were elected:

President, Dr. J. Grassick, Grand Forks.

Vice president, Dr. Fannie Dunn Quain, Bismarck.

Treasurer, Oluf Hagen, Lawton.

Secretary, Carrie Haugen, Bismarck.

The three members elected to the executive committee are: Dr. A. G. Long, Grand Forks; Minnie J. Nielson, Bismarck; Dr. G. J. LaMont, Dunseith.

(Contributed)

FATHER DROPS BABIES 25 FEET!

These tots, Jane Mayer, 19 months old, and Elaine Mayer, one month old, were dropped 25 feet from the window shown on the right when fire swept the building in Chicago. And they were unhurt! All other means of escape were cut off.

CHANGES IN TAX LAW ON INCOMES IS RECOMMENDED

(Continued from page 1.)

gations of political sub-divisions of the state. Under the proposed law income from mortgages secured on North Dakota real property is not exempt from taxation. The principal reason for allowing this exemption in the original income tax law was on account of certain provisions in the law which attempted to tax nonresidents on loans in North Dakota, it is said.

Thinks It Does No Harm.

The tax commissioner states that in his opinion that there is no reason why the proposed new measure should in any way unfavorably effect interest rates or the loan market in the case of North Dakota real estate loans. There is no reason why, in the commissioner's opinion, the nature of a man's investments and the source of his income should determine his liability to taxation. Under the present tax laws in force in North Dakota, a considerable percentage of the wealthier residents of the state are practically exempt from taxation of any sort, according to the commissioner. Moneys and credits are exempt from the general property tax. Income from loans on North Dakota real property and bank deposits in North Dakota banks are exempt under the state income tax law. There is no jurisdiction in discrimination of this kind, the tax commissioner holds.

MANY CHANGES ARE PROPOSED IN GAME LAWS

Limited Open Season on Prairie Chicken and Deer Would Be Provided

"NO TRESPASS" MEANS IT!

Important changes in game and fish laws are before the house of representatives today through recommendations and bills introduced by the game and fish commission.

Amending the bill which asked a closed season on prairie chickens, the committee recommended there be an open season of twenty-one days, which reduces the present season ten days, and would make the season from September 16 to October 6, inclusive, and retaining the present bag limit of five in one day. The ban on hunting with dogs is not lifted.

House bill No. 106, introduced by the game and fish committee, amends the law regarding the killing of beaver and otter. The bill would prohibit the trapping or killing of beaver or otter until January 10, 1924. Beaver could be trapped or killed between January 10 and March 10 of each year, after March 10. There is no limit provided on otter after January 10, 1924.

House bill No. 107, introduced by the committee, provides one horned buck deer may be killed from November 21 to November 30 of each year, both dates inclusive; that it shall be unlawful to kill any fawn or doe deer at any time. It also provides a hunter must wear while afield a jacket or coat and cap or hat made from a dark blue or black material. Penalty for violation is from $100 to $500 fine and imprisonment of not less than thirty nor more than sixty days.

House bill No. 108, introduced by the committee, prohibits hunters from entering on lands posted "No hunting or trespassing" without first obtaining written consent to do so from owners or agents, excepting that any deer or other animal which was shot and wounded may be pursued on posted lands without consent.

Pictures — Picture frames, hand painted China, half price at Breslow's Drug Store.

Beulah Lignite Coal $5.50 and Bear Creek Coal $12.50 delivered. Wachter Transfer Co. Phone 62 or 63.

GRAND BALL
at
I. O. O. F. Hall
Saturday Night,
February 5th,
Given by
Carpenters Local
No. 2059
Tickets, Including War Tax
$1.00
Refreshments Free

UNIVERSITY MEN MAKE ADDRESSES AT THE CAPITOL

Dr. Kane, Dr. Ladd and Dr. Allen Address Joint Session of Assembly

FIGURING THE COST

Head of Grand Forks Institution Tells How Budget Figures are Prepared

The cost of educating a college student now is figured just as the manufacturer figures the cost of manufacturing an article, Dr. Thomas F. Kane, president of the University of Grand Forks, North Dakota, told members of the house and senate late yesterday. Dr. Kane addressed the senate with Dr. Ladd and Dr. Allen. Chief Justice J. E. Robinson, of the supreme court, who was to have addressed the body, was indisposed and the house voted to hear him Monday afternoon.

The university, Dr. Kane said, has figured the cost of educating a given number of students, and on this basis can closely estimate the cost of an increased number each year.

"The head of any state institution when he presents to the budget board, has put down the cost of educating on this method, or he has proved false to his trust," said Dr. Kane. He said that before the figures for the university were submitted to the budget board they were materially cut.

For Millage Tax.

Dr. Kane mentioned the requests of the university briefly, discussing higher education during the greater part of his talk. He talked of the millage tax for state institutions and said it was the only correct method for providing for their maintenance, and said that it would be adopted in time in all states.

Under it, he said, the legislature would fix the amount it believed the university should have and levy a sufficient tax to cover it. This, he said, would obviate the necessity of the legislature spending a great deal of time each year with the question of appropriations for the institutions.

Dr. E. F. Ladd, head of the agricultural college and United States senator-elect, and Dr. Allen, head of the Valley City normal, talked on the value of higher education, spoke of the necessity of teacher training and emphasized the work the educational institutions of the state were doing. It was the second time the United States senator-elect appeared before the house, he having addressed that body last week.

FEW ABOVE HIGH SCHOOL.

Dr. Kane said only 46 percent of the pupils are going through the eighth grade in North Dakota. Eight percent only are completing high school, and of every five students graduating from high school in the state the university is getting one. He spoke of the revelation of a federal report last week to the effect that there are 7,000,000 illiterates in the United States.

CAPITAL STOCK AND BOND LOAN INQUIRED INTO

(Continued from page 1)

Dakota to the Industrial Commission," replied Mr. Cathro.

"What was done with the check?"

"It was endorsed and returned to the bank."

"How was it drawn?"

"The same as any other check, of any bank, for any investment or purpose."

Mr. Murphy then elicited the information that the funds of the bank consisted at that time wholly of deposits of public funds and interest on them, and that the check, therefore, was drawn on them.

No actual cash transaction took place, it was stated by the witness. The bonds were bought and paid for by a check to the Bank of North Dakota drawn on the Bank of North Dakota, the witness said, after the bonds were delivered to the Industrial Commission. Mr. Murphy read section 6, chapter 147 of the law of 1919, which provided that the bank should open when the bonds were sold. He summarized the transaction, saying:

"The state of North Dakota issued bonds of the bank series and deposited them with the Industrial Commission. Then the Bank of North Dakota issued a cashier's check for $2,000,000 to the Industrial Commission and purchased the bonds. Then the $2,000,000 of bonds were taken to the bank and placed among the assets as a reserve. Two checks were issued, but the account of the Industrial Commission was not credited with the two checks."

The summary was in the form of a question and Mr. Cathro said he was not prepared to answer the last statement.

Mr. Murphy then questioned Mr. Cathro on the hypothecation of $1,200,000 of bank bonds to the Merchants Loan & Trust company of Chicago as collateral for a $1,000,000 loan at 7 per cent interest, due March 15, 1921.

Mr. Murphy asked the witness to point out just that portion of the Bank of North Dakota law authorizing the hypothecation of the bonds of the Bank of North Dakota. The sentence was read by Mr. Cathro, as follows:

"The business of the bank, in addition to other matters specified, may include anything any bank may do except as hereinafter provided."

How Records Kept.

The bonds hypothecated for the loan, as shown by the questioning, were $1,200,000 of the $2,000,000 of bank series bonds used in establishing the capital stock of the bank.

Mr. Murphy said he proposed to later examine Mr. Cathro as to the resources and liabilities of the bank. He asked if a loose-leaf system were kept in the bank. The witness said it was in part. No general journal was kept, he said, the items being posted in the general ledger direct.

The changing fortunes of North Dakota politics were indicated during the questioning of Mr. Paddock and the reading of minutes of the Industrial Commission. It disclosed that Governor Frazier and Commissioner Hagen voted to make J. R. Waters manager of the Bank of North Dakota, while William Langer, who later opposed Mr. Cathro, voted for him.

Policy of the Bank.

The minutes of the Industrial Commission stated the policy of the bank was included as the policy:

1. Promotion of agriculture, commerce and industry.
2. Help in developing the state and national banks and other corporations, and not in any manner to destroy them.
3. Redeposit such funds as are available in banks, so that loans of farmers would not have to be called by banks.
4. Ignore politics and recognize merit.
5. Mobilize the whole assets of the state and entire financial worth in one bank, co-operating with all state and national banks.
6. Permit records to be open to the public inspection and subject to the usual confidential relations of bank and customer.

Pike Bill Up.

The minutes of July 31, 1919, provided that the Bank of North Dakota is authorized, in the discretion of the director general, to purchase with any funds, at not less than par, any bonds of the Bank of North Dakota, bank series, delivered to the bank for sale and directed purchase money be designated as the capital stock.

The minutes of July 15 showed a letter received from Mr. Cathro, then in Chicago, advising of the negotiation of the loan of $1,000,000, hypothecating the $1,200,000 bank series bonds.

The minutes of December 3, 1920, showed a bill presented by the bank, of $7,716.62, to cover payment of the bank to F. A. Pike for services rendered in the organization of the bank and two lawsuits. The money so advanced was allowed by the approval of the bill.

Mr. Murphy asked for a search of his records to obtain the bill of the Bank of North Dakota.

The minutes also showed the resolution of the commission of December 6, 1920, authorizing the bank to refuse to honor checks of county treasurers.

Order Audit Work.

The minutes of January 12, 1921, disclosed that the Industrial Commission had ordered the Equitable Audit company to make a reconcilement as of January 8, the date when the cash inventory was taken, to determine the accuracy of the bank report of December 3, 1920, made by Bishop, Brissman & Co., and Mr. Paddock said the accountants had gone to work.

Mr. Paddock said he would be glad to assist the attorneys in the examination of records in his office, and Mr. Lemke suggested that Mr. Paddock assist them after business hours if necessary.

Dancing Class tonight, Legion Hall.

THE NEW ELTINGE
PROGRAM TONIGHT
PARAMOUNT MAGAZINE AT 7:15
~~Organ~~ Concert at 7:30 by Harry L. Wagner
"SEXTETTE FROM LUCIA"
"The Miracle Man"
at 7:10
One of the Greatest Screen Dramas of All Times. Drew Capacity Houses last night. Positively last Showing Tonight.
COMING THE BIG FIVE
"BEHOLD MY WIFE," "HUMORESQUE," "GO AND GET IT," "BLIND WIVES," "THE FOUR HORSEMEN OF THE APOCALYSE."

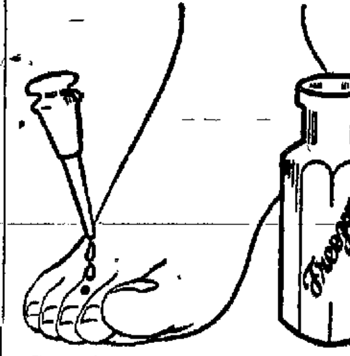
BISMARCK
THEATRE
Tonight Tonight
MAY ALLISON
in
"The Marriage of Wm. Ashe"
also
Fox Sunshine Comedy
2 Reels of Riot and Laughter
"PRETTY LADY"
Coming
BERT LYTELL
in
"The Misleading Lady"

WANTS TO HELP OTHER MOTHERS.

Mrs. Wm Sager, 901 Nichol St., Utica, N. Y.: "I gladly write anything that helps a mother with her children. My little girl had whooping cough and I was afraid she would choke. I gave her Foley's Honey and Tar and it helped her wonderfully. She could sleep most all night without coughing." The good cough syrup checks colds, stops coughing, cuts phlegm and covers raw, inflamed membranes with a healing coating. —adv.

See "The Miracle Man" at the Eltinge tonight.

CORNS
Lift Off with Fingers



Doesn't hurt a bit! Drop a little "Freezone" on an aching corn, instantly that corn stops hurting, then shortly you lift it right off with fingers. Truly!

Your druggist sells a tiny bottle of "Freezone" for a few cents, sufficient to remove every hard corn, soft corn, or corn between the toes, and the calluses, without soreness or irritation.

COLDS
"Pape's Cold Compound" is Quickest Relief Known

Don't stay stuffed-up! Quit blowing and snuffling! A dose of Pape's Cold Compound" taken every two hours until three doses are taken usually breaks up a cold and ends all grippe misery.

The first dose opens clogged-up nostrils and air passages of head; stops nose running; relieves headache, dullness, feverishness, sneezing.

"Pape's Cold Compound" is the quickest, surest relief known and only a few cents at drug stores. It acts without assistance. Tastes nice. Contains no quinine. Insist upon Pape's

COLUMBIA PHONOGRAPHS
COLUMBIA RECORDS
ON EASY TERMS IF DESIRED
COWAN'S DRUG STORE

MOTHER'S FRIEND for Expectant Mothers
ASSISTS NATURE
At All Druggists
Special Booklet on Motherhood and Baby, Free
BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO. DEPT 5 D ATLANTA, GA

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WHEN YOU ASK FOR BUTTER
SAY "NORTHERN"

FAT PEOPLE GET THIN
Why be overstout when you might easily reduce 10 to 60 pounds ... KOREIN CO., NE ..., Station X, New York, N. Y.

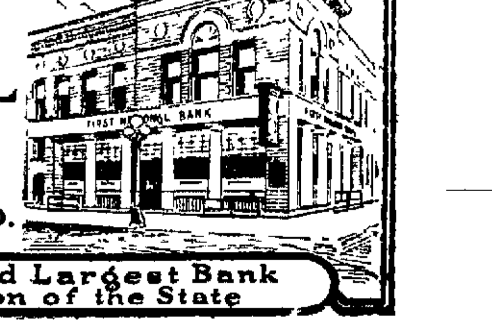
ITCH!
Money back without question if HUNT'S Salve fails in the treatment of ITCH, ECZEMA, RINGWORM, TETTER or other itching skin diseases. Try a 75 cent box at our risk.
JOSEPH BRESLOW, Druggist

REDUCTION
In Tailored Suits
$85 values now $50.00
$75 values now .$45.00
$65 values now .$40.00
$50 to $55 value $37.50
$40 to $45 value $30.00
TERMS CASH
Ending Feb. 28th, 1921
KLEIN
Tailor and Cleaner

BISMARCK was founded at the meeting point of five great Indian trails. Today it has railway lines in seven different directions, and it thrives accordingly. It is the logical distributing center for a rich district of steadily increasing purchasing power.

The First National Bank has served Bismarck wholesalers and jobbers for 40 years. Its facilities and its capital, surplus and undivided profits of over $300,000, make a connection here of peculiar value to the business man.

4% Interest on Savings



FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF BISMARCK, N.D.
The Oldest and Largest Bank in this section of the State

GRIP
Fortify the system against Grip and Influenza by taking
Grove's Laxative Bromo Quinine tablets
which destroy germs, act as a tonic laxative, and keep the system in condition to throw off attacks of Colds, Grip and Influenza
Be sure you get
BROMO
The genuine bears this signature
E. W. Grove
Price 30c

CONVEY SICK BY PLANE—Captains Howard and Pollitt, paralyzed from wounds received during the war, had to be removed from London to Riviera 700 miles away. A trip by boat and train would have been painful and difficult, so they were put into an airplane, on stretchers, and transferred.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE® NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

GERMANS WILL NOT TURN TO BOLSHEVISM

Unless Economic Conditions Drive Them to Desperation Says Leader

Oldenburg, Germany Feb 3– President M Tantzen-Hegering of the German free state of Oldenburg, one of the powerful political figures of northwest Germany, declares that the spread of Bolshevism through Western Europe, and eventually to the Americas, depends upon economic issues over which the German people have lost control.

The Germans will never turn to Bolshevism until economic conditions have driven them to desperation, the president told the Associated Press correspondent.

"This desperation will only come when, with a good will to work—and that will here is very strong—work cannot be had, he continued. "Up to this time Bolshevism has found no sound footing in Germany, although there are some cranks who are chasing the Soviet rainbow. Germany is standing like a wall against the spread of Red Russianism over the oceans, and so long as the wall holds there is no danger.

Character of People.

"The character of the people of Germany, and particularly of Oldenburg, is too sturdy, quiet and sensible to tolerate the sentimental foolishness of Bolshevism Only economic causes could drive them to Bolshevism, but at this time they have lost control of these causes The treaty of Versailles made us strongly dependent economically upon the victorious nations. Economic pressure has been brought to bear. Reduced production and its consequences, are keenly felt. Necessaries of life are strictly rationed. Prices have been driven up; our money has lost its buying power. The working people will not endure the 'aid for workless which they properly feel lowers them morally.

"The worst situation for us is that the necessary means for agricultural production is limited. As importations of foodstuffs remain small this production is of the utmost importance to us. Failure to produce is Bolshevism's ally. It is a question of sound business procedure to let us produce, build up our industries, stand once more upon a firm economic foundation.

Entente's Policies.

"One of the Entente's policies which seems to me incredibly shortsighted is that of forcing the German people to deliver from their already dangerously reduced stock of cattle 900,000 to 800,000 more cows. This will not only mean an increase in our infant mortality, the death of thousands of children, but that meat prices must again go up, the buying power of our money again go down. That is bad business. The other nations cannot sell their wares to a people that is economically crushed and driven into a corner.

"If we cannot buy raw products our workmen will have no work, our agriculture will have no means of production, the hard times will become harder. Then Germany must tend toward Bolshevism. Should the working people find sufficient work this danger will be avoided, and if avoided here it will not menace America

"It is up to the United States to have the terms of the Versailles treaty moderated, lest we be crushed economically. In doing this America will help us hold the front against the spread of Bolshevistic ideas, enable us to buy and pay for raw products which we want and which now are accumulating in American warehouses, and will immunize her own working people against the disease of dangerous political movements; for after all, Bolshevism is not based on the compelling force of fine ideas, but upon economic blight."

TAFT'S "SECOND HONEYMOON"

"Back from our second honeymoon!" said ex-President Taft as he and Mrs. Taft arrived in New York from Bermuda. They were snapped on the deck of the S. S. Fort Victoria, on which they returned. Inset a "honeymoon" closeup for which Taft laughingly posed.

FARM BUREAU URGES LAWS TO AID MARKETING

Would Place Collective Bargaining Bill Under Jurisdiction of Trade Commission

Amendments which would place the collective bargaining bill now before congress under the Sherman anti-trust law or under the jurisdiction of the federal trade commission are condemned by the special committee on resolutions of the North Dakota Farm Bureau Federation, in the following statement:

"The bill known as the Volstead bill is known as house bill 13931 and also is known as the collective bargaining bill. This bill provides that 'persons engaged in the production of agricultural products as farmers, planters, ranchmen, dairymen or fruit growers may act together in associations, corporate or otherwise, with or without capital stock, in collectively processing, preparing for market, handling and marketing in interstate and foreign commerce, such products of their members; and such producers may organize and operate such associations and make the necessary contracts and agreements to effect that purpose any law to the contrary notwithstanding.' This bill passed the house, but when it arrived in the senate the following amendment was made:

"'Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to authorize the creation of, or attempt to create a monopoly, or to exempt any association organized hereunder from and proceedings instituted under the act entitled "An act to supplement existing laws against unlawful restraints and monopolies, and for other purposes" Approved October 15, 1914, on account of unfair methods of competition in

Destroy Bill.

"In other words, this is placing the matter squarely under the Sherman anti-trust law and in addition to this amendment the amendment was made putting the federal trade commission as jurisdictional over such collective bargaining associations instead of placing its management or control under the United States department of agriculture. Either of the two amendments referred to above practically destroy the bill, and the special committee acting for the executive committee of the North Dakota Farm Bureau recommends the passage of the Volstead bill without the amendments above referred to."

AGENTS FIND SCALES SHORT OVER STATE

Agricultural College, N. D., Feb. 3.—Although the fifty-dollar annual loss sustained by one North Dakota merchant on his sugar sales alone, as the result of his scales being over-weight, is unusual, nine out of ten incorrect computing scales found by the scales inspection department of the regulatory division, agricultural college, are overweight and weigh in favor of the customer, a report of the department says. The report estimates the average annual loss to merchants over the average incorrect scales to be $50. The percentage of incorrect counter and computing scales is 35.

Nine out of ten incorrect measuring pumps, however, give short measure, the report shows, while most of the incorrect wagon scales also weigh short. Half of the measuring pumps are incorrect, the report declares.

Short Measure.

The northside Fargo city scales were among the number of wagon scales found to give short measure, weighing 17 pounds short on 1,000 pounds. The southside scales were correct, and the northside scales were adjusted properly as the result of the inspection. The man who bought a ton of coal at $19 over the incorrect scales lost 32 cents on every ton as the result of the inaccuracy.

The average shortage in measuring pumps is 3 per cent, or nearly enough to make a difference of 1 cent a gallon in gasoline at present prices, the report says.

The most expensive and up to date scales are frequently incorrect, department officials say. The manager of a Fargo branch house was indignant because the inspector insisted upon testing his scales, which the manager said his house had sent him in response to request for the best scales it could obtain. His mood changed, however, when the inspector showed him the scales over-weighed 14 pounds in 500.

Of twenty similar scales inspected recently in Fargo, sixteen were incorrect nearly all in favor of the customer

Want Scales Correct.

The people as a whole are anxious to have scales and measures correct, as is shown by requests the department has received asking for tests, the report says. Factory experts are at work adjusting the scales found to be incorrect.

Thirty seven out of the 120 wagon scales tested between October 20 and November 20, 1920, were found to be incorrect all but two of them weighing over or short The average amount of error in the thirty five short ones was seven pounds in 1,000, while the average error in the two over-weight ones was seven and one-half pounds in 1,000.

Rachmaninoff himself chose the Victor

Rachmaninoff knows music. Knows how to compose it, how to play it—and how it should be reproduced. It is significant that the great composer-pianist in the light of previous experience has chosen to associate himself with the other famous artists of the world who make records for the Victor.

Hear Rachmaninoff's Victor Record of Mendelssohn's "Spinning Song" played on the Victrola and you hear the great pianist exactly as he wishes you to hear his own work.

Victrolas $25 to $1500. New Victor Records demonstrated at all dealers on the 1st of each month.

"HIS MASTER'S VOICE"
REG. U.S. PAT. OFF.

This trademark and the trademarked word "Victrola" identify all our products. Look under the lid! Look on the label!
VICTOR TALKING MACHINE CO.
Camden, N. J.

Victor Talking Machine Co.
Camden, New Jersey

SON, YOU'RE LOOKING FINE

The Most Glorious Sensation of All Is to Get Back Into the Game

Ask anyone whose nerves seemed to have gone to smash and the last atom of iron apparently burned out of the blood, how it feels to come back. Ask the host of men and women who have used Reolo Here is one of the most astonishing reconstructive influences ever devised. It is a marvel for the many ways it seems to act. And it acts almost at once. Safe, harmless, of food value, yet all medicine, it seems to have almost the quality of actual intelligence. It has the power to increase flesh, it enhances the activity of the entire organism, puts iron in the blood, lots of it, increases red corpuscles enormously, takes the pallor out of the cheeks, contributes to the defense of the body against exhaustion and intensifies the activity of the vital processes to such an extent that you not only look like a winner, you feel it from head to foot. Ask any clerk at Finney's Drug store and any other leading drug store what a host of men and women have gained from this most wonderful reconstructive strengthener.

Get a $1.00 box of Reolo today.

"Here Comes The Bride!"

Everybody wishes her well! Happy and radiant she starts out on life's adventure. She should have health to begin with. Good looks in woman do not depend upon age, but upon health. You never see a good-looking woman who is weak, run-down, irritable, out of sorts, fidgety and nervous. Headaches, backaches, dragging-down pains, irregularities and troubles of that sort are all destroyers of beauty. Men do not admire sickness.

It is within the reach of every woman to be well, healthy and strong if she will take Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It is the safest woman's tonic because it is made entirely of roots and herbs, without alcohol. (Ingredients on label.) It is 50 years old, and its age testifies to its goodness. A medicine that has made sick women well for half a century is surely good to take. Women from every part of America testify to its merits.

Send 10c to Dr. Pierce's Invalids' Hotel in Buffalo, N. Y., for a trial package and confidential medical advice, or booklet.

FARMERS AND TRAPPERS ATTENTION

Don't Sell Hides and Furs Under Prevailing Low Market. Let us tan them either into fur sets, robes, coats or leather and use same to a good advantage instead of sacrificing them at the present low prices. Send for FREE price list and tags. If you prefer selling we always pay the highest market price.

THE BISMARCK HIDE & FUR CO.
Bismarck, North Dakota

FARM BUREAU TAKES STEPS TO SOLVE PROBLEMS PRESENTED BY IMMIGRATION

That immigration should be restricted is the opinion of the special committee on resolutions appointed at the permanent organization meeting of the North Dakota Farm Bureau Federation, held at the agricultural college January 21 This committee has made the following statement regarding immigration:

Ways Open.

"There are three courses open in regard to the question of immigration:

"First, to prohibit all immigration

"Second, to allow all immigrants to land

"Third, to limit or restrict immigration.

"As we view the situation it would be a very short-sighted policy of this government to prohibit all immigration into this country and we only need to refer just a moment to the history of the United States to convince us that this policy would be wrong. Up to this time the standard of American citizenship has been arrived at by the mixture of the blood of foreign people ever since the landing of the Pilgrims in 1620 So today we can hardly refer to even any of the leaders on this question of immigration who do not have in their veins the blood of continental Europe, and how well we have succeeded in this country under such an arrangement is a matter we can look back on now with favorable contemplation And while this is all true we do not feel that the gate should be thrown open and any and everybody admitted to the shores of America. We, therefore, believe in an immigration bill which will limit and restrict immigration Prior to the world war over one million immigrants came to the shores of America annually, and we are of the opinion that they were permitted to land with too free restrictions and that the government of the United States was not united enough concerning such immigrants

Want Tests.

"We believe that members of the white race only should be permitted to land and that these not only pass an educational test, but that those who have taken part in movements which would destroy any government should be kept out With this limited restriction, or such other restrictions as congress might make, we believe that the coming of immigrants from Europe would have a tendency to further the development of millions of acres of agricultural land which are now lying idle in America. If they did not contribute to the surplus of the farms they could at least make a living for themselves and families on the lands of America and thus relieve, in a small degree, the needy people of the world."

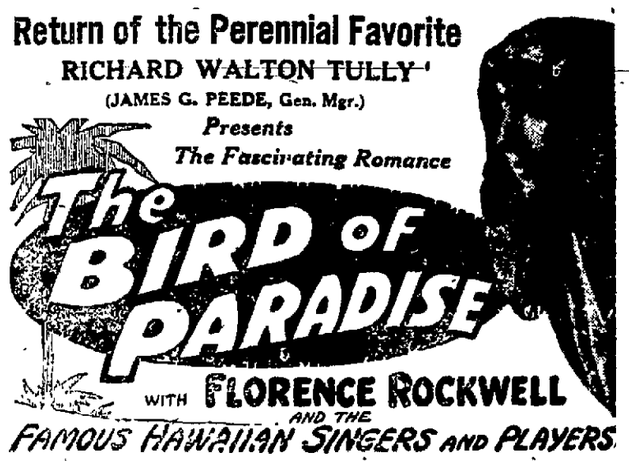
BATTERY SERVICE

EXCLUSIVE ELECTRICAL SPECIALISTS
Service and parts for Delco, Remy, Northeast and Auto Lite starters, Bosch, Eisemann and K-W Magnetos, Exide and Minnesota batteries, and Klaxon horns.
ELECTRIC SERVICE & TIRE CO.
Bismarck, No. Dak.

AUDITORIUM Thursday, February 10th

SEATS TUESDAY AT HARRIS AND CO.
PRICES 55c TO $2.20. CURTAIN 8:15

Return of the Perennial Favorite
RICHARD WALTON TULLY
(JAMES G. PEEDE, Gen. Mgr.)
Presents
The Fascinating Romance



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SEE THE NEW MYSTIFYING VOLCANO SCENE
MORE TERRIFYING THAN EVER

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Society

SHRINERS DANCE, ENTERTAINMENT ON FRIDAY NIGHT

Invitations have been issued for the entertainment and dance to be given by the Shrine club of Bismarck, assisted by El Zagal chanters and orchestra of Fargo, at the Masonic Temple and Patterson hall Friday night, February 4. The dance will be informal

The evening's entertainment opens with the entertainment at Masonic Temple at 8 o'clock, followed by the dance at 9 o'clock. The musical program to be given at the Masonic Temple follows:

Part I.
Coronation March .....Kretschmar
El Zagal Orchestra.
Overture, Semiramide .....Rossini
El Zagal Orchestra.
The Charge of the Light Brigade.. ..... Bergen
El Zagal chanters.
Baritone Solo ..... Selected
Oscar Martinson.
Early Spring ....Doering
Good Night ....Buck
El Zagal Chanters.

Part II.
The Clang of the Forge.....Rodney
Summer's Lullaby .... Gibson
El Zagal Chanters.
Tenor Solos ..... Selected
David DeHaven.
The Heart of a Rose..... Gillespie
No Limit ....Crist
El Zagal Chanters
Violin Solo, Zigeunerweisen..Sarasate
Albert J. Stephens.
Land Sighting ....Grieg
El Zagal Chanters.

Thirty-six Shriners are coming to the city in the orchestra and chanters.

AUXILIARY WILL PUT UP CURTAINS

A committee was appointed last night at the meeting of the Auxiliary to the American Legion to buy, make and put up the curtains in the legion hall.

The by-laws were changed so that the meetings will be held on the first and third Wednesdays of every month. Members of several committes were appointed, as follows:

Entertainment—Mrs. A. E. Brink, Miss Ann Atkinson, Mrs. R. S. Wilcox, Miss Emma McJarvey, Mrs. Catherine Poole, and the Misses Mary Kelly, Margaret Wynkoop, Tess Henry, Emma Hanson and Mrs. Frank Johnson.

Membership—Mrs. Robert Orr, Mrs. John Forester, Mrs. Henry Murphy, and the Misses Elsie Smith and Julia Johnson.

Liason committee — Mrs. Minnie Shuman, Mrs. Bolton-Henry and Miss Dorothy Schnecker.

Press—Mrs Warder Roberts and Miss Frances Peterson.

MRS TAYLOR SURPRISED.

Mrs J. B. Taylor was most happily surprised on Monday afternoon when fifteen of her long-time friends called at the home of Mrs. Taylor's son, Theodore, and visited quietly while the honor guest finished her afternoon nap. Upon descending to the living room she discovered that she was having a birthday party.

Upon recovering from the unexpectedness of the social event, tables were arranged for cards and four tables were in play during part of the afternoon.

Mrs. Theodore Taylor, assisted by her mother, Mrs. Logan, and Mrs. J. D. Wakeman, served an elaborate lunch and many very happy returns of the day were wished over the teacups.

It was recalled that seven years ago on that date Mrs. Taylor was surprised quite [illegible] ectively and her friends hope to celebrate several such decades in honor of the lady's birthday.

ASK Your Grocer
For
Humpty Dumpty Bread
Produced by
BARKER BAKERY

"YOU CAN PUT YOUR CHILD IN WHO'S WHO, TOO!" SAYS YOUNGEST NOTABLE

D. A. R. MEET FRIDAY.

The Daughters of the American Revolution will meet on Friday afternoon at the home of Mrs. H. C. Postlethwaite. Mrs. E. J. Taylor and Mrs. H. F O'Hare are hostesses with Mrs Postelthwaite.

Mrs. S. D. Cook will discuss the relation of federal and state government, and Mrs. H. H. Steele will read a paper on "The Career of Alexander Hamilton."

NORTH DAKOTANS PIONIC.

According to the Fargo Forum the annual North Dakota picnic held by the North Dakota residents of California will be held within a short time and the clan will gather from everywhere in California to celebrate the Flickertail state in true style James W. Foley is listed among the expected native sons to be in attendance.

NATURE CLUB THIS EVENING.

The Society of Friends of Our Native Wild Life will hold their regular meeting in the community room of the city library this evening. Miss Margaret Welch will speak on "The Range of Our Wild Flowers,' and Bruce Wallace will discuss "Birds and Their Habits."

KNIGHTS OF COLUMBUS DANCE.

Invitations are out for the last social affair given by the Knights of Columbus before the Lenten season The party will be at Patterson hall on Monday evening, February 7, and elaborate preparations are under way for making the event a success.

"THIRD HOUSE" DANCE.

The "third house" staff had another of their delightful social evenings in Legion hall last night An informal dance program was greatly enjoyed by members and their guests.

FIRST MATINEE TOMORROW.

Bismarck War Mothers will give the first children's movie matinee at the Orpheum theater Friday afternoon at 4:15. The public generally is invited and the War Mothers are anxious to have as many parents as possible attend the first of the series.

Winifred Sackville Stoner, Jr., Plans to Go on Stage

"I'm Outcome of a Simple Theory of Development"

Winifred Sackville Stoner Jr., at 2 and at 18.

BY DJUNA BARNES.

New York, Feb. 3.—Winifred Sackville Stoner Jr, the youngest person in Who's Who, has a new ambition. It's to be an actress. At 18 she is noted for having:

Written a book of poetry at the age of five:

Passed her college entrance examinations at nine.

Been the master of seven languages at twelve.

Been the author of fifteen books.

Miss Stoner wants to go on the stage under an assumed name, to prove to the public that she can make good without the help of her reputation, or despite it She explains:

"I have been overestimated. I am simply the outcome of a very simply-conceived theory of development—mental and physical.

"I have been so trained that at the age of 18 I make more money than my mother (who also is in Who's Who). I am independent; every other normal girl could be independent at 18. In other words, I was equipped to fight before the battle started, not after, as most young people are.

"Any parent can put a child in Who's Who if the parent sufficiently endows and properly rears the child. I owe everything to my early training. I was not allowed to waste an hour.

"Most children are kept back by their parents' love of the ridiculous. That sounds like an amazing statement; nevertheless, it's a true statement. Let me explain.

"Mothers like to hear a child talk broken English—what is called 'baby-talk' They are captivated by mispronunciations and mistakes in general It's so 'cute,' so 'adorable.' It's the same love for the ridiculous that humanity displays in general when the clown at the circus stumbles over his own feet. And that has been, so far, the basis upon which most children grow up

"If you insist upon accuracy from the start, your neighbors are going to say, "You are robbing the child of its childhood.' My mother heard that on all sides. Or, people will say, 'What did the other children think of you? Were they not jealous?'

"No, they were not. I never thought I knew anything—there's too much to know to get away with a thought like that."

And what does Miss Stoner think of men and love and marriage?

Men are great fun to romp with—to observe Love? Something to be unafraid of Marriage? Well, there's plenty of time to think about that

Dancing Class tonight, Legion Hall.

FUN FOR WOMEN TO DIAMOND DYE

Faded Garments, Draperies, Everything Made New for Few Cents

Bismarck women can do wonders with a package of Diamond Dyes An old worn coat skirt waist sweater kimona dress or faded stockings gloves draperies portieres, chair covers anything whether wool, silk linen cotton or mixed goods can be diamond dyed to look like new Easy directions in each package guarantee perfect results Druggist has color card showing actual materials diamond dyed in a wondrous range of rich tadeless colors Don't risk your material in a poor dye Advt.

What Goal Have You Set for Your Child?

Of course, every father is ambitious for his son Every mother hopes to see her daughter become famous. What will insure success? "Early training. Be serious instead of the ridiculous. Preparing the child for the battle of life before the battle begins." This is the answer of Winifred Sackville Stoner Jr., athlete, author, linguist, the youngest notable in Who's Who Begin with your baby today.

KNIGHTS OF COLUMBUS

Regular meeting Friday evening at 8:00 p. m. at the K. of P. Hall. There will be an athletic exhibition for entertainment, which will be followed with refreshments. All members and visiting Knights are invited.

J. P. Wagner, F. S.

SUPPER FRIDAY EVENING

The Ladies Aid Society of the McCabe Methodist church will give a chicken supper Friday evening. Everyone invited, price 75 cents

NOTICE

The Rebekah ladies will hold a food sale Saturday afternoon at 2 p. m. at the Gas Company's office, Fifth and Broadway. Everything good to eat. Public invited to sale.

See "The Miracle Man" at the Eltinge tonight.

"THE BIRD OF PARADISE"

Richard Walton Tully's much loved play, 'The Bird of Paradise' comes to the Auditorium February 10 in annual engagement This Madam Butterfly of the Hawaiian islands seems to increase in popularity season after season This is the play's seventh season on tour

The feature of the play's continual success is the appealing lure of the Hawaiian music interpreted by native players Florence Rockwell will again essay the title role surrounded with practically the same cast as last season which includes Robert Brister Brandon Evans Gertrude Walters Rose Watson James K Applegate John Sinclair and Frank L Cooley.

Webb Brothers

SPRING DRESS SILKS At Reduced Prices

CREPE DE CHINE

40 inch Crepe de Chine in a fine, heavy quality. About 75 shades. Including the new spring colors. Now priced at per yard $2.48

LINGERIE SILKS

36 inches wide in Pink, Flesh and White. An assortment of dainty figures. Now priced at per yard 98c

TAFFETA SILK

36 inch all pure silk Taffeta in all the leading shades for the coming season. Very reasonably priced at per yard $2.95

SILK GINGHAM

All pure Silk Gingham Plaids in a fine assortment of color combinations. Now priced at per yard $1.48

DRESS SATINS

36 inch Skinners 404 Dress Satin in a fine array of new spring shades. Now priced at per yard $3.00

LINING SATINS

36 inch Lining Satins in a large assortment of new shades including a good number of the new spring colors Now priced at per yard $2.75

CITY NEWS

A Boy Born.

A baby boy was born to Mr. and Mrs. Albert McCurdy of Backoo, N. D., at St. Alexius hospital.

To Give Ball.

The carpenters' local No. 2059 will give a grand ball at the I. O. O. F. hall Saturday night, February 5. Refreshments will be served.

Mrs. Holbein Ill.

Mrs. W. E. Holbein has been removed from her apartment at the McKenzie to St. Alexius hospital Mrs Holbein is still quite ill.

A Sheriff Aviator.

Chester Jacobson, North Dakota's famous deputy sheriff aviator, is in Bismarck on matters concerning his two professions. His home is in Minot.

Minot Man Visitor.

H. E. Wheeler of Minot, for a number of years city assessor of the "Magic City," is another of the Bismarck visitors

Knox Here From Oakes.

C. E. Knox, mayor of Oakes and leading banker there, is in Bismarck meeting with the legislators and discussing business matters.

New Family Here.

O. B. Bowman, recently of Washburn, and now with the Perry Furniture company, has moved his family into the house recently vacated by the Brodin family, who left for Minneapolis.

Here From Wahpeton.

E H. Myhre, Wahpeton banker and political leader, and R J Hughes, publisher of the Richland County Globe-Gazette—are in the Capital City in connection with the legislative session.

CHECKER TOURNAMENT.

The North Dakota Checker association will hold its annual tournament at Williston on February 22 and 23. All checker players are invited to attend. Correspondence regarding the association should be addressed to A P. Jones, Hankinson.

DOES IT PAY TO WORRY ABOUT APPENDICITIS?

Can appendicitis be guarded against? Yes, by preventing intestinal infection. The intestinal antiseptic, Adler-i-ka, acts on BOTH upper and lower bowel, removing ALL foul, decaying matter which might start infection. EXCELLENT for gas on stomach or chronic constipation. It removes matter which you never thought was in your system and which nothing else can dislodge. One man reports it is unbelievable—the awful impurities Adler-i-ka brought out. Jos. Breslow.

For first class laundry work call 739, Home Laundry, Francis T. White.

Dancing Class tonight, Legion Hall.

Children's Matinee

Under Auspices of War Mothers

Friday, Feb. 4th, at 4:15 at

ORPHEUM THEATRE

Little Red Riding Hood

Animals of Australia

Benefit of War Mothers

EVERYONE WELCOME

ADMISSION TO ALL - 15 Cents

Red Riding Hood acted by famous juvenile actors and actresses. Pictures censored by committee of War Mothers.

Be Sure to See the Funniest Comedy Ever Written

'ARE YOU A MASON'

or

"HOW FATHER JOINED THE LODGE"

AUDITORIUM

Tuesday, Feb. 8th.

MATINEE AND NIGHT PERFORMANCES

Benefit of Lloyd Spetz Post No. 1, of the American Legion

The Names of the Talented Players are:

Bergliot Caspary, Margaret MacDonald, Isabelle Cochrane, Mae I. Bope, Hazel Pierce, J. Olive Seibet, Jessie Shafer, Eleanor Lamb, G. H. Russ, W. C. Paulson, R. Sherman Wright, Robert Buzzelle, Roy Inseth, Edward R. Prachel

The Director, Sanford Dodge, will play the role of Amos Bloodgood

A good orchestra under the direction of E. W. Buchanan will be in attendance and entre'acte vocal numbers will be introduced by Lillian Paulsen and others.

FEATURES:
The Worlds Best Comedy.
Clever Specialties Between the Acts.
Splendid Company of Well Trained Local Players
Popular Prices.
Ticket Sale Starts Feb. 5th at Harris & Company

Curtain for evening performance at 8:15 p. m.
Matinee curtain rises at 3:30 p. m.
Prices for Matinee 25 and 50 cents.
Prices for evening performance $1.50, $1.00, 50c plus tax.
No reserved seats for the matinee.

Your Chance Now

Bring Your Old Hot Water Bottle to

BRESLOW'S

Will Allow You

75c

for the old one to apply on the purchase price of a new bottle.

Prices range $1.50 to $3.50

You can buy a Guaranteed Bottle for 75c

Breslow's Drug Store

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Daily by carrier, per year	$7.20
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Daily by mail, outside of North Dakota	6.00

THE STATE'S OLDEST NEWSPAPER
(Established 1873)

UNCLE SAM, LIQUOR DEALER

There are over 40,000,000 gallons of liquor in about 300 bonded warehouses in this country.

Some of this liquor is coming out for legitimate purposes; much more, though, according to Wayne B. Wheeler, of the Anti-Saloon League, is going to dampen thirsty dry spots, particularly in large cities.

Wheeler has a remedy: Let Uncle Sam go into the wholesale liquor business, he urges.

"The government should take over the liquors, sell them for legitimate purposes, and return the proceeds to the owners, less the expense of sale."

This would, undoubtedly, halt the flow of bonded liquors into bootlegging bottles, especially if the liquors, as Wheeler suggests, be medicated or denatured before it is withdrawn from the warehouses.

OUTWITTING A VOLCANO

Mt. Kloot, on the Island of Java, has formed the very bad habit of spilling down upon the plains below from time to time some 38,000,000 tons of water mixed with volcanic ash and other material.

This happened four times during the nineteenth century, again in 1901 and 1919.

During the time between eruptions a giant lake forms in the crater of this volcano and the water is blown out by the explosions in the crater furnace.

Engineers are now at work trying to drain this lake against the time of another explosion.

The difficulties in the way of this daring feat are tremendous, to say nothing of the constant danger. Notwithstanding all this, a tunnel is being bored through the crater wall, at the level of the bottom of the crater.

The work is now in progress and if it is successful, Mt. Kloot will cease to be a terror to the natives of Java.

Java has some 50 volcanoes, 20 of which are more or less active.

These are the real rulers of the island, because everything depends upon their activities and eccentricities—climate, weather, soil, crops, and business of all kinds.

NEXT STEP IN SERICULTURE

Seems quite likely that patents will be asked soon upon a forcible feeding device designed to make silkworms eat Swiss cheese.

Such an apparatus appears the logical next step in sericulture, which is a tall-brow name for silk producing.

Dr. Vartain K. Osigian, lately of Harpoot, Armenia, now of New Orleans, is very busy making silkworms eat a lot of things they never ate before. The silkworm is a finnicky feeder. Much more so than the horse or an opera star. It eats mulberry leaves for breakfast, luncheon and dinner, and that's all it will eat.

That is all it would eat until Dr. Osigian fooled it with succulent leaves from a tree he created by grafting the perfectly worthless osage orange with the mulberry.

But hist to this—

Mulberry leaves make silkworms make white silk. This new leaf makes them spin as many colors as Joseph's well-known coat. Black silk, silk of gold, red silk and blue silk are all the same to the silkworm fed with varying amounts of the Osigian osage-mulberry leaf.

Well! Colored silks are much in demand. Silks colored by the worm are better than silks from the dye pots. Science made the silkworm dye at home with feeding.

Hence! Silks with many holes are much in demand. Examples—stockings, peekaboo waists and veils. Surely holes in silk made by the worm and not machine made would be better.

Therefore! Certainly it is reasonable to predict that somebody will solve the problem by finding a new food. Swiss cheese is the most "holeful" food known and so—

The interesting part of Cox's call on Wilson wasn't what was said but what wasn't.

THE TWO NORTH POLES

The North Pole and the north magnetic pole are about one thousand miles apart. Consequently, the magnetic needle does sot point due north at many points on the earth's surface.

At London, for instance, it points out at an angle of 16 degrees west of the true north.

The north magnetic pole was discovered by Sir J. C. Ross in latitude 70 degrees 5 minutes north and longitude 96 degrees 46 minutes west, just within the Artic Circle.

The real north pole as we know, the upper end of the earth's axis, was discovered by Peary.

Although the earth is a magnet it is not a very strong one. If it were composed of iron alone, it would have a magnetic force 17,000 times as great as it actually has.

It is powerful enough, however, to give a strong directive action to the magnetic needle.

Now since it is the magnetic pole that attracts the needle of the compass, and due north is the upper end of the earth's axis one thousand miles away, it is easy to account for the deviations of the compass.

It would be very disastrous for a ship to attempt to steer directly by the magnetic compass without making corrections for these variations.

If a ship were steaming at 16 knots per hour and an error of three degrees were made in reading the compass, the ship would move one mile off her course every hour.

THE SHORTEST MONTH

In the old days when the Roman rulers had nothing else to worry about, they did something to the calendar.

And February, it appears, was a victim. Originally this perfectly good month had 30 days in leap years and 29 in other years. February is from the Latin, meaning "to purify." It was the custom of the Romans to celebrate the festival of purification in February.

Julius Ceasar named July in his own honor—he saw to it there were 31 days in it. Then along came Augustus, and a month was named for him, also. But August had only 30 days. So Augustus looked around and picked on February, which had no one particularly to defend it. He just took a day off February and added it to his own pet month.

That's why February ordinarily has but 28 days, and why August has 31, in keeping with the dignity of its imperious namesake.

WHY BE DISCOURAGED?

It is a common saying that "luck beats science every time." But this is the gambler's maxim, the fool's motto.

* * *

"The trouble with most of us," asserts Johnson, "is that we are ever looking for a princely chance of acquiring riches, or fame, or worth. We are dazzled by what Emerson calls the 'shallow Americanism' of the day. We are expecting mastery without apprenticeship, knowledge without study, and riches by credit."

* * *

A clergyman recently said to a young man who had complained of being discouraged: "The new is supplanting the old everywhere. The machinery of ten years ago must soon be sold as old iron to make room for something more efficient. The methods of our fathers are daily giving place to better systems. Those who have devoted their lives to the cause of labor and progress are constantly falling in the ranks; and, as the struggle grows more intense, men and women with even stronger arms and truer hearts are needed to take the vacant places in the battle of life. Yet you come to me and say you are discouraged!"

* * *

Wright adds: "With the world full of work that needs to be done; with human nature so constituted that often a pleasant word or a trifling assistance may stem the tide of disaster for some fellow-man, or clear his path to success; with our own faculties so arranged that in honest, earnest, persistent endeavor we find our highest good; and with countless noble examples to encourage us to dare and do, each moment brings us to the threshold of some new opportunity. Don't wait for opportunity. Make it."

The man of steel sheds tears.

Prof. Charles Kirschoff, Milwaukee astronomer, says the stars predict the birth of many twins and triplets in the next six years. Hasn't the stork a word to say about it?

EDITORIAL REVIEW

Comments reproduced in this column may or may not express the opinion of The Tribune. They are presented here in order that our readers may have both sides of important issues which are being discussed in the press of the day.

GERMANY AND HER WAR PROFITS

Maximilian Harden in the World's Work for February:

Hitherto war had always brought poverty. This industrial war, in the most hideous and unchivalrous of all times, the issue of which was to be decided by the number of military machines, guns, ships, aircraft, motors, tanks, submarines, and munitions set countless milliards in circulation. It became itself an industry, beriched in the closely blockaded country not merely a small gang of contractors but nearly all sections of the people. The peasants sold their products at unprecedented prices, and were enabled to pay off their debts and their mortgages. All trades were transformed for the purposes of the war, and brought gigantic profits to managers and shareholders, and to the workers, including women and youths—wages so high as had scarcely ever been dreamed of. This unexpected phenomenon was a compensation for the war's dragging on for so long. Would it be profitable? Obviously. The more countries involved, the better.—World's Work.

IF THE SIGNS MEANT WHAT THEY SAY

ADVENTURES OF THE TWINS

By Oliver Roberts Barton.

Checkers.

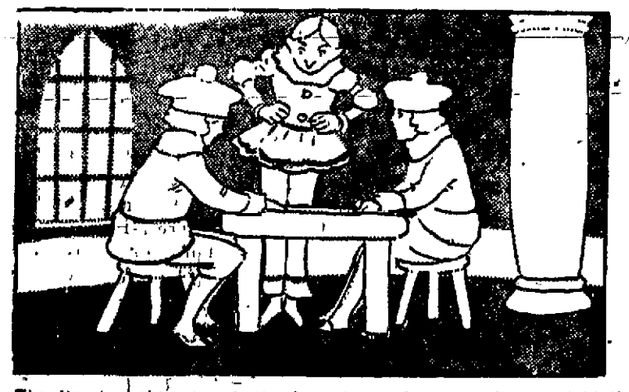
Day after day passed and not once did the little adventurers, Nancy and Nick, think of the errand upon which they were bent. The wicked Jinn had them prisoners in his ice palace, or rather in his iceberg palace with its turrets and towers, floating around the ocean. So much did it look like an ordinary iceberg, however, that the gulls and sea-birds flying near perched upon its ledges, calling hoarsely to one another that the weather was fine, or that it looked like a storm and that they'd better be making for land, never dreaming that the great mass of ice was really an enchanted palace and that two little children were prisoners within.

The little Red Slippers of Forgetfulness had put everything out of the minds of the little travelers. The Jinn had taken their own Magic Shoes and all their charms, which were to help them on their trip to the South Pole.

He brought a checker-board and from morning until night the little folks played. Sometimes Nancy would win and sometimes Nick, and the Jinn kept a great long list of how many games each had won. Not once did the twins mention their errand, because they had forgotten it; but the wicked wizard, as he watched them play, had not forgotten, and he took good care that they did not kick off the bewitched Red Slippers. Things were going to suit him very well indeed, now, for he had promised the wicked fairy Snitcher-Snatcher at the South Pole that he would do all he could to keep the twins away.

Outside the walrus lay patiently on the ice, waiting. He had promised to help the children and he had not forgotten. Just now he was watching some whales in the sea.

(Copyright, 1921, N. E. A.)



The Jinn brought out a checker-board, and from morning to night the little folks played.

HOUSE BILLS

H. B. 101—(delayed bill)—Frankson—Establishing system of state free employment service, appropriating $1,000. Appropriations.

H. B 103—Olson of Ramsey—Amending park law. Cities and Municipal Corporations.

H. B. 104—Olson of Ramsey—Classifying property for taxation. Taxation

H. B. 105—Johnson of Ward—Amending law regarding organization of political party committees Elections.

H. B 106—Game and Fish committee—Providing season during which beaver may be trapped or killed, providing beaver may be killed or trapped after Jan 10, 1924 to March 10 of each year Closed season otter to Jan. 10, 1924. Game and Fish.

H. B. 107—Game and Fish Committee—Permitting shooting of one horned buck deer from Nov. 21 to Nov 30 (both dates inclusive), and providing hunters must wear while afield a jacket or coat and cap or hat of dark blue and black material. Unlawful any time to kill doe. Game and Fish.

H. B. 108—Game and Fish committee—Prohibiting hunters from entering on posted land and providing penalties. Game and Fish.

H. B. 109—Olson of Billings—Legalizing warrants issued by school districts. Game and Fish.

H. B 110—Jardine—Amending the law establishing legal rates for bread, etc.

Bills Killed on Committee Reports.

H. B. No. 54—To pay of county commissioners $7.60 a day when in session. Indefinitely postponed.

H. B. No. 32—Amending law regarding duties clerk of court. Indefinitely postponed.

H. B. No. 10—Creating a mechanics and laborers lien. Indefinitely postponed.

H. B. No. 76—Amending law regarding organization school districts. Indefinitely postponed.

H. B. No. 78—Providing for fund with which commissioner of agriculture may make study of crop production costs.

SENATE BILLS

NEW BILLS.

S. B. L1—Fleckten—Requires bonds of $10,000 for attorneys collecting judiciary.

S. B. 111—Whitman—Regulating number of stockholders required for quorum. Ways and Means.

Bills Passed.

S. B. 42—Liederbach—Giving women the right to serve on juries.

JUST JOKING

Particular.

"What was the matter with that lady who just hurriedly left the store?" asked the grocer.

"She found fault with the potatoes," replied the clerk.

"What was the matter with the potatoes?"

"She didn't like the color of their eyes."—Yonkers Statesmen.

Perhaps.

The autumn moon was beaming softly through the leafy arbor where they sat—he and she. He kissed her silently. She slapped him soundly.

"Oh, forgive me!" he cried. "It was the moonshine. I never should have done it had I been myself"

Again she slapped him. Perhaps the night air was intoxicating—perhaps.—Cornell Widow.

Advance Announcement.

A business man advertised for an office boy. The next morning there was a some fifty boys in line. He was about to begin examining the applicants when his stenographer handed him a card on which was scribbled:

"Don't do anything until you see me. I'm the last kid in the line, but I'm telling you, I'm there with the goods."—Everybody's.

Hanged by Red Tape.

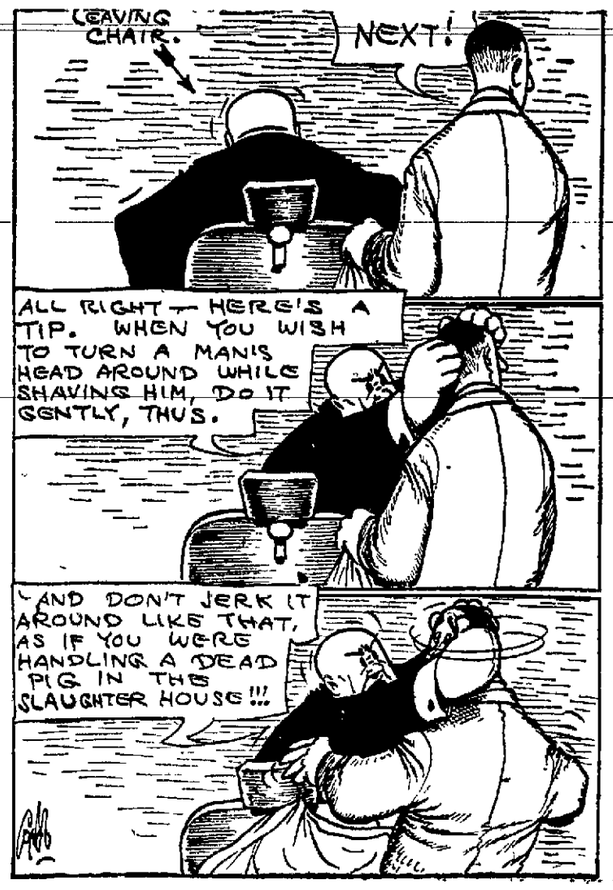
The door of the superintendent's office at the county asylum burst open and the new attendant rushed in breathlessly.

"Sir," he reported, "Jones has just hanged himself."

"And did you cut him down?" demanded the superintendent in excitement.

"Oh, no, sir. He wasn't dead yet."—American Legion Weekly.

EVERETT TRUE BY CONDO



STOMACH UPSET?

Get at the Real Cause—Take Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets

That's what thousands of stomach sufferers are doing now. Instead of taking tonics, or trying to patch up a poor digestion, they are attacking the *real* cause of the ailment—clogged liver and disordered bowels.

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets arouse the liver in a soothing, healing way. When the liver and bowels are performing their natural functions, away goes indigestion and stomach troubles.

Have you a bad taste, coated tongue, poor appetite, a lazy, don't-care feeling, no ambition or energy, trouble with undigested foods? Take Olive Tablets, the substitute for calomel.

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets are a purely vegetable compound mixed with olive oil. You will know them by their olive color. They do the work without griping, cramps or pain.

Take one or two at bedtime for quick relief. Eat what you like. 15c and 30c.

Home-made Remedy Stops Coughs Quickly

The best cough medicine you ever used. A family supply easily and quickly made. Saves about $2.

You might be surprised to know that the best thing you can use for a severe cough, is a remedy which is easily prepared at home in just a few moments. It's cheap, but for prompt results it beats anything else you ever tried. Usually stops the ordinary cough or chest cold in 24 hours. Tastes pleasant, too—children like it—and it is pure and good.

Pour 2½ ounces of Pinex in a pint bottle; then fill it up with plain granulated sugar syrup. Or use clarified molasses, honey, or corn syrup, instead of sugar syrup, if desired. Thus you make a full pint—a family supply—but costing no more than a small bottle of ready-made cough syrup.

And as a cough medicine, there is really nothing better to be had at any price. It goes right to the spot and gives quick, lasting relief. It promptly heals the inflamed membranes that line the throat and air passages, stops the annoying throat tickle, loosens the phlegm, and soon your cough stops entirely. Splendid for bronchitis, croup, hoarseness and bronchial asthma.

Pinex is a highly concentrated compound of Norway pine extract, famous for its healing effect on the membranes.

To avoid disappointment ask your druggist for "2½ ounces of Pinex" with directions and don't accept anything else. Guaranteed to give absolute satisfaction or money refunded. The Pinex Co., Ft. Wayne, Ind.

LIFE TERM GIVEN KENMARE MINER

Minot, N. D., Feb. 3—John Collier, Kenmare miner known as "Oklahoma Jack," entered a plea of guilty to murder in the first degree in the district court here last night before Judge John C. Lowe and was sentenced to life imprisonment in the state penitentiary. He took the sentence without a murmur.

Collier shot and killed John Reynolds, another miner, at Collier's shack four miles from Kenmare, last Tuesday night. The men are said to have been drinking.

Collier walked to Kenmare the next morning and gave himself up to Kenmare authorities. He claims to have no relatives.

HALLIDAY GIRLS HUMBLE WERNER

Halliday, Feb. 3.—The girls' basketball team of this town is looking for new fields to conquer, since its victory last Friday over Werner by a score of 9 to 6.

The game, however, was a very creditable one for both teams. At the end of the first half the score was 2 to 4 in favor of Halliday. The score toward the end of the second half was a tie and Halliday worked hard to put over the three points by which it won the victory. Possibly Werner would have tied Halliday if it had not insisted on a longer half.

Those who played on the winning team were: Grace Riemer, Ida Gulding, Viviette Viken, Helen Ulsness and Genevieve Warner.

Recent earthquakes in Chile caused mountains in the Andes range to sink an average of 160 feet.

SO WEAK SO NERVOUS

How Miserable This Woman Was Until She Took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Toomsboro, Ga.—"I suffered terribly with backache and headache all the time, was so weak and nervous I didn't know what to do, and could not do my work. My trouble was deficient and irregular periods. I read in the papers what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound had done for others and decided to give it a trial. I got good results from its use so that I am now able to do my work. I recommend your Vegetable Compound to my friends who have troubles similar to mine and you may use these facts as a testimonial."—Mrs. C. F. Phillips, Toomsboro, Ga.

Weak, nervous women make unhappy homes, their condition irritates both husband and children. It has been said that nine-tenths of the nervous prostration, nervous despondency, "the blues," irritability and backache arise from some displacement or derangement of a woman's system. Mrs. Phillips' letter clearly shows that no other remedy is so successful in overcoming this condition as Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE® NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

HELP WANTED—MALE

WANTED—Coal miners by Beulah Coal Mining Co., at Beulah, N. D. Steady work. Apply at mine or at Bismarck office in Haggart Bldg. 1-12-tf

LEARN BARBER TRADE—At the Moler Barber College. Oldest institution of its kind. Established 1893. Time and expense saved by our methods. Catalog free. Moler Barber College 107 R. Nicollet Ave., Minneapolis, Minn. 2-1-1mo

SEE Y. M. C. A. AUTO SCHOOL, LOS Angeles. None better. Start right. 2-3-1t

HELP WANTED—FEMALE

A LADY COOK, WANTED—A good pastry and all round restaurant cook. Call or write at once Chas. Seeley, Zap, N. D., box 490. 2-3-1wk

WANTED—Dining room girl, kitchen girl and chamber maid. Apply Garrison Hotel, Garrison, N. D. 1-28-1wk

WANTED—Strong girl or middle-aged woman for general housework. Phone 177. 1-25-tf

POSITION WANTED

EXPERIENCED BOOKKEEPER AND stenographer wants position. Can start at once, will furnish references if required. Address 188 Tribune. 2-3-1wk

PRIMARY TEACHER WITH FIVE years experience desires position in small town public schools. Write No. 185 Tribune. 1-28-1wk

WISCONSIN FARM LANDS

LANDOLOGY SPECIAL NUMBER—Just out, containing 1921 facts of clover land in Marinette County, Wisconsin. If for a home or as an investment, you are thinking of buying good farm lands where farmers grow rich, send at once for this special number of Landology. It is free on request. Address Skidmore-Riehle Land Co., 435 Skidmore-Riehle Bldg., Marinette, Wisconsin. 1-3-3mos

ROOMS FOR RENT

FOR RENT—Furnished room in modern house, suitable for man or lady, one block from car line. Phone 612, 723 3rd St. 2-2-2t

ROOMS TO RENT—For light housekeeping; other rooms, 3 blocks from business street. 423 2nd St., phone 772-U. 1-31-1wk

LARGE MODERN ROOM FOR RENT—Close to high school and capitol. Phone 638-X, 812 7th St. 2-1-3t

FOR RENT—Room in modern house suitable for one or two. 1008 Ave. C. East. Phont 532-Z. 2-2-3t

FOR RENT—Furnished room in modern house suitable for two. Phone 463-K, 218 So. 11th St. 2-1-1wk

FOR RENT—One modern furnished room. Suitable for one or two. 1008 Ave. C. Phone 532-Z. 2-1-3t

FOR RENT—Large modern furnished room suitable for two. 320 Mandan Ave. 262-L. 2-3-1wk

FURNISHED ROOM FOR RENT, 802 Ave. B. 1-13-tf

FOR SALE OR RENT HOUSES AND FLATS

FOR SALE—House with six rooms and bath, full basement, garage connection. Owner 10 East Main St., phone 212-K. 1-29-1wk

FOR RENT—Modern house in downtown district. Furnace heat, light and bath. Gas stove installed. Phone 837-X. 2-3-3t

FOR SALE—Furnishing for a 4-room house, mahogany and walnut finish. Cheap if taken at once. 414 8th St. 2-3-3t

LOST AND FOUND

LOST—Gold watch Saturday afternoon. Full name engraved on the inside of the back. Call 512-R. Blanch Hedrick, 518 5th St. Reward. 2-3-3t

LOST—Between Broadway and 1708 Rosser, pocket-book. Finder return to Barker Bakery for reward. 2-1-3t

LOST—A gold watch. Name in full on back. Phone 512-R. Blanche Hedrick. 1-31-3t

WANTED TO RENT

WANTED—To rent for several months or year a furnished house or apartment. Box 310. 1-31-1wk

LAND

FOR SALE—The Teachout grain and stock farm, the whole of section 30, near Stowartsdale, Burleigh county, North Dakota, well improved, about 400 acres of cultivated land, about all fenced, comparatively new house of seven rooms, including four bedrooms, full basement, hard wood floors down stairs, large barn, stable and hay room, good frame granary, good frame chicken house, fine well of water, pump and windmill, for $26 per acre on terms.
GEO. M. REGISTER. 1-20-3w

FOR SALE—200 acres So. Dak. irrigated valley land in the Great Alfalfa Seed belt. 25 acres seeded to alfalfa last year. Will consider small property or car on first payment. B. L. Cowle, 516 Hannifin Ave. Phone 169-K. 2-1-1wk

FOR SALE OR RENT—320 acres of good hay land. Inquire of R. G. Price, Decorah, Iowa. 1-25-14t

SALESMAN

5 MORE SALESMEN WANTED FOR No. Dak. Real opportunity. Address box 693. 2-1-1wk

WORK WANTED

GIRL WANTS WORK BY HOUR OR day. Phone 917. 2-1-3t

MISCELLANEOUS

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—One registered English pointer pup, four months old, just right for next fall shooting. Will exchange for good repeating shotgun or cash. C. H. Rice, Smith Blk., Sioux Falls, S. D. 1-31-1wk

FIRST CLASS WORK—Cleaning, pressing, repairing, dyeing, ladies' and men's clothing. Eagle Tailoring & Hat Works, phone 58, opposite postoffice. 1-18-tf

FEBRUARY AND MARCH BABY chicks. Purebred. Eleven varieties. Catalog free. Murray McMurray, box 113, Webster City, Iowa. 2-1-8t

PRE WAR PRICES on cleaning, reblocking and remodeling men's hats. Eagle Tailoring & Hat Works, Phone 58, opposite Postoffice. 1-18-tf

A NO 10 PAIL of Pure Montana Honey delivered at any post office in North Dakota for $2.50 cash with order. B. F. Smith, Jr., Fromberg, Mont. 1-15-1 mo.

FOR SALE—General store in good locality. Owner must go west for health. Will sell on easy terms. Write 187, Tribune. 1-31-1wk

FOR SALE—35 ton baled Upland hay, $10 per ton f. o. b. Woodworth. Henry Deede. 1-28-1wk

FOR SALE—Furniture. Call at 622 1st, or phone 351-X. Party leaving town. 2-1-3t

POTATOES FOR SALE — Phone 410-F4. Julius Andahl. 2-1-5t

DOINGS OF THE DUFFS

Is Helen as Bad as That? BY ALLMAN

SAYS FEW READ THE BIBLE

Writer Criticises the Present Generation for Its Lack of Knowledge of the Scriptures.

The bookseller's story of the woman who demanded to know where in the Bible she could find the story of Damon and Pythias is called to mind by the recently reported attempt of a professor at the university to measure the Biblical knowledge of his class in English literature. The test resulted in a rather naive display of ignorance concerning a book which has been called "the fountain head of English literature," and which, with Shakespeare, invariably heads the list of "best" books and gathers more dust than any other.

There are those who, having made acquaintance with the Bible in their own youth, and realizing its poetry, history and style, agree with Prof. Dallas Lore Sharp that we are a "Bible-starved nation." What parent reads the Bible to or with the children these days? They get fairy stories or animal fables. Even the Sunday-school lessons are given from a leaflet. The Bible has been storyized and expurgated in the so-called interests of children, and has shared the usual fate of such well-meant but unnecessary endeavors. It is not without occasion that educators are discussing the need and the methods of increasing interest in the book.

Whether we regard the Bible as a sacred book, as a saga of the Hebrews, or as a collection of stories, legends and historical fact of ancient origin, it is so thoroughly a part of our literature, which is so abundant in allusions and references to its content, that not to know their source and application is to argue one's self unread. Youth ought to be as aware of Moses the lawgiver as of Hamlet or King Lear.—Detroit Free Press.

HAD REHEARSAL OF FUNERAL

Curious Notion Held by Spanish Monarch Concerning Ceremony in Which He Would Figure.

Charles V, king of Spain and emperor of Germany in the sixteenth century, was a pious ruler. Toward the end of his life he conceived the curious idea of rehearsing his own funeral; not because he wished to have the event go off without a hitch when the time should come, but because he thought the performance of the ceremony would redound to the credit and well-being of his soul in the after-world. His friends sought to dissuade him, but, deeming it a holy act, the ruler went ahead with his preparations. A catafalque was erected and the service performed. The high altar, the catafalque, and the entire church shone with wax lights; the friars were all in their proper places and the household of the emperor attended in deep mourning. "The pious monarch himself was there, attired in sable weeds," according to the monkish historian, "and bearing a taper, to see himself interred and to celebrate his own obsequies." While the mass for the dead was sung, he came forward and gave his taper to the officiating priest as a symbol of his desire to yield up his soul. Not only once, but for many years, until he finally died in 1558, Charles V performed this strange ceremony annually.

Sheep Driven to Mountains.

Wild sheep live in small flocks in rocky, mountainous parts where food is sparse. Had they been possessed of such means of defense as the heels and the speed of the horse, or the horns and the strength of the bison they would probably have congregated on the plains where food was plentiful. As it was, their only protection from their natural enemies, the wolves, lay in their agility in the most inaccessible spots. The length of time sheep have been domesticated is as nothing compared with the preceding ages when their home was in the mountains, consequently coming under the dominion of man has utterly reversed their conditions of life. So the growth of the hoof is out of all proportion to the wear on our soft pastures, and footrot supervenes. Similarly the thick coating of wool which was absolutely necessary at the altitudes the wild sheep inhabited, has, as far as the sheep itself is concerned, become a nuisance, and rendered it a prey to ticks and maggots.

How to Enjoy Walk.

There are road walkers, trail followers, forest roamers—locality and scenery are matters of taste. The thing is to keep marching, to fill one's lungs with draughts of invigorating air, to banish care and to revel in high spirits. There should be a stop at every spring, the colder and shyer the better, and when a landscape is to be viewed, some scene that charms and inspires, it is a sacrilege if the walker does not throw himself down on the grass, or seat himself on a fallen tree, to spend a few minutes feasting his eyes on the picture. The true walker is not one who merely puts miles behind him, to vaunt his speed and endurance.—Exchange.

Origin of Languages.

Authorities believe that all languages had their origin in the dialect of one common language whose home is conjectured to have been between the Baltic and Caspian seas. The language spread with migrations in different places, and separation and race admixture increased the differences in the dialects until they became distinct languages, which in turn spread and broke up into dialects.

Change-Ringers.

English peals are rung by a man to a bell, the bell swinging on a heavy mounting, starting at an inverted position when it is at rest. The bell is attached to a wheel over which a rope is strung pulley-wise, each ringer having the two ends in his hands. The ringers—they call themselves "change-ringers"—stand in a circle, with a conductor in the center. It takes a year of training, one night a week, to make a change-ringer. It requires a strong tower to stand the strain of the swinging bells. The effect of the swinging is to give a more beautiful tone than that of a fixed bell.

Change-ringers usually are trained church folk. The Ancient Society of College Youths, founded in 1637, is their London organization. There are more than a thousand members who meet monthly and ring special peals in relays. On the king's birthday, coronation day, peace day and others, there is such a demand for change-ringers that the bell foundries are called upon for their professional band. But none of the other change-ringers are paid.—London Mail.

QUEEN MONSTER OF CRUELTY

Fredegonde, Wife of French King, Woman of Amazing Beauty and Seemingly Without Heart.

One of the most bloodthirsty queens the world has known, but about whom little has been related in ordinary histories, was Fredegonde, a woman of amazing beauty and utterly heartless, who ruled France with her husband Chilperic from 568 to 597. She came from an obscure Picardy family, and secured the notice of the king by taking service as a common servant at the court. Her beauty was so great she won his heart, and he sent his queen to prison for life, and raised Fredegonde to high rank. He married a Spanish princess, and Fredegonde caused her to be strangled in her bed. The brother-in-law of the princess attempted revenge, was stabbed by Fredegonde's hirelings, and then she brought about the assassination of the king's three sons by his former wife.

Ten young people in all died of her command or at her own hand, and she was not above an attempt to murder her own child, Reguinthe, a beautiful maiden of whom Fredegonde became jealous. She took the girl to her treasure chest and told her to play with the jewels. As the child stooped over the chest the queen slammed down the great lid and only aid from chance passers saved the life of the child.

'SURE GUILTY OF SOMETHING'

Fact That It Didn't Happen to Be Larceny Didn't Make Much Difference to Hank.

There is an old New England squire whose knowledge of the statute law is limited, but who has decided views as to common justice. Not long ago a certain Hank Miller was brought before him, charged with larceny. It appeared from the evidence that Hank had rented a horse from a farmer to do some hauling and that, during the period the animal had remained in his possession, he had fed it from the owner's stock of grain, although the agreement was that Hank himself should supply the feed. He was charged by the farmer, therefore, with the theft of two bushels of oats and corn.

"The statutes made and provided," the old squire announced ponderously, "say that theft is to convert to your own use the property of another. The horse is the servant of the owner, not of Hank, and Hank converted them oats to the horse's use, not his—so I acquit Hank of stealin' them oats—he ain't guilty of larceny."

Hank rose, thanked the squire and was about to leave the room, when the old man called him back.

"As I said, Hank," he remarked, with a gleam of humor in his eye, "you ain't guilty of larceny, but you shore air guilty of something, and I'm goin' to send you to jail for a month for it."

Briefly, Find Your Niche.

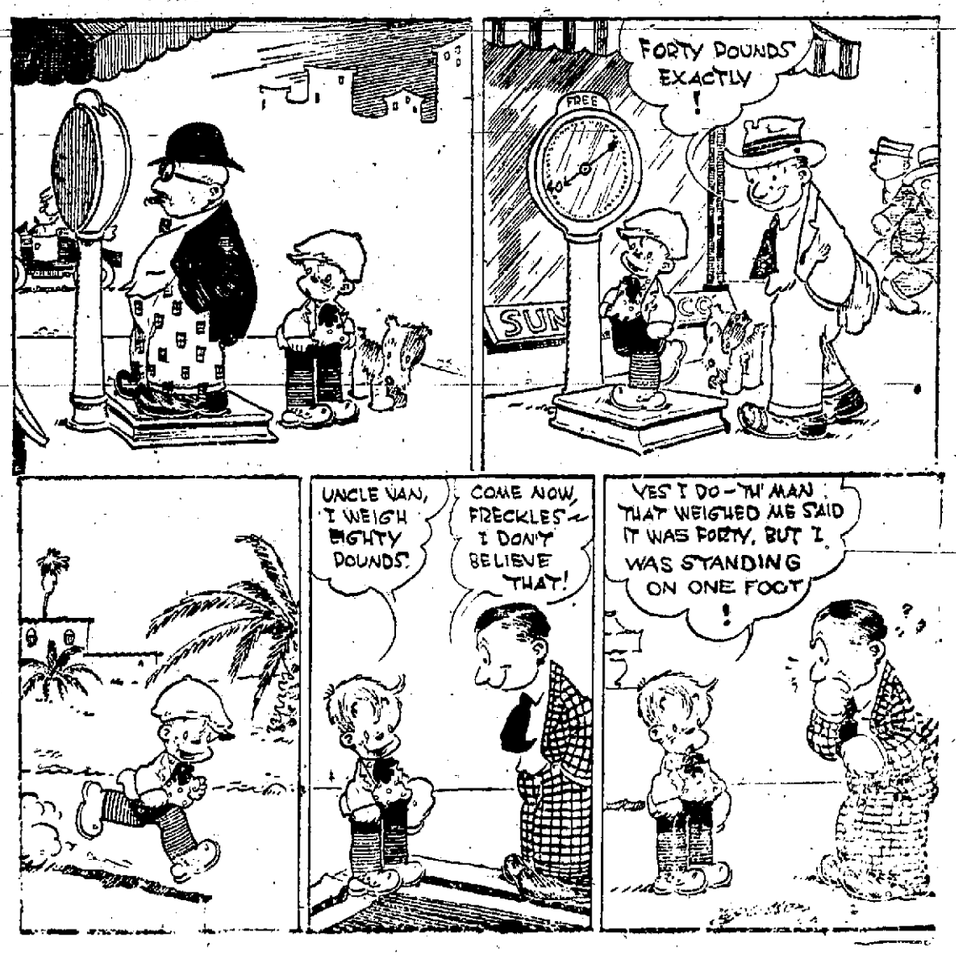
When you can't do what you want to do, do the next best thing. It may be the failure is for your good. Sometimes we let our enthusiasm run off with our judgment. We would do many things that are not for the best. So a kind Providence bends the thing off. Marshall Field could not succeed as a clerk in a little down-East store, but he could build up one of the biggest commercial enterprises in the world in Chicago. Green, the historian, could not do any work for months before he died, but he could dictate the best history of the English people ever written. Francis Parkman could not see to make watches, but he could become America's historian. Haydn was not a great success as a barber but he could write "The Creation" and win world fame.—Grit.

A miniature motorcycle weighing only 32 pounds is the latest product of Germany.

Baltimore promoter thinks Lew Tendler is a $40,000 attraction against B. Leonard.

Freckles and His Friends

What If He Sat Down? By Blosser



MARKET BASKETS MORE NUMEROUS

Number of Women Carrying Home Food Supplies Have Increased Considerably.

PLAN IS QUITE ECONOMICAL

Housewives Becoming Convinced That Those Who Carry Their Purchases Can Save Money—Free Delivery Misnomer.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Styles change in marketing, too. Fifty years ago few stores delivered any articles. They were in the selling, not in the trucking business, they doubtless would have told anyone who suggested such an idea. But, in time, as the number of stores increased and competition grew keener, some of the merchants, to attract customers to their stores, offered to deliver purchases.

This innovation proved very popular with the public, and soon other stores were forced to adopt the custom. At the start the idea was to deliver articles which could not be carried conveniently by the customers. But as time went on and the public flocked to the stores which delivered packages of any size, practically all merchants fell into line and gave the same service. A yeast cake, a spool of thread, or a handkerchief were some of the articles bought for which a delivery was asked by the unthinking public. The demand for this sort of service grew greater, and although merchants realized that the cost of their delivery system was getting out of all proportion, there seemed no way of remedying the matter.

After a Tour of Markets Has Been Made.

Cash-and-Carry Stores.

About ten years ago a group of grocers, broke away from the orthodox plan and started what were known as cash-and-carry stores. Prices which were cheaper than those in the regular stores attracted considerable trade, but not until the war upset the world and raised the cost of all commodities did the rank and file throng to these stores. Within recent years another type of store started, called the self-serve, in which the customer waits on himself as well as carries home his purchases.

The popularity of these nonservice stores is due in part to the campaign which has been carried on by many agencies to educate the people to the fact that those who are willing to carry home their purchases can save money. One of the forces at work to cut down the cost of marketing, so the producer can obtain better returns and the consumer pay less than he does for his commodities, is the bureau of markets of the United States Department of Agriculture.

Free Delivery a Misnomer.

This bureau points out that it is an absolute truism that there is no such thing as free delivery. It may be free in the sense that the customer does not make a separate payment for that item, but each delivery costs the merchant a definite sum, and to cover this cost he must put a higher price on his commodities, and the customer pays, though indirectly, for the service.

Market baskets are in style nowadays, and it is one of the wholesome signs of the age that people are breaking away from the idea that a perfect lady or gentleman never carried a package. Now, they are carrying home not only food supplies but other articles as well. Where the cost of delivery has been eliminated from the stores' prices, persons so situated that they can take advantage of the fact and perform their own delivery services can often make appreciable savings.

COWPEAS QUITE GOOD AS MEAT SUBSTITUTE

Possess High Nutritive Value and Pleasing Flavor.

As Peas Are Apt to Ferment They Should Be Placed in a Cool Place While Soaking—Some Most Excellent Recipes.

Cowpeas have a pleasing flavor as well as a high nutritive value. Dried cowpeas used for cooking should be soaked for 12 hours. As they are apt to ferment they should be kept in a cool place during the soaking period.

The following recipes for their use are recommended by the home economics kitchen of the United States Department of Agriculture:

Cream of Cowpea Soup.

1 tablespoonful butter.
2 cupfuls milk.
1 tablespoonful flour.
½ cupful grated cooked cowpeas (green or dried).
A few drops onion juice.
Salt.

Melt the butter, add the flour, and cook thoroughly, being careful not to brown it. Add the milk and bring the mixture to the boiling point. Put the peas through a sieve; add peas and seasonings to the milk and reheat. If too thick, add milk or water. Serve with croutons made by heating buttered bread in the oven until it is brown, and cutting it into small pieces.

Hopping John.

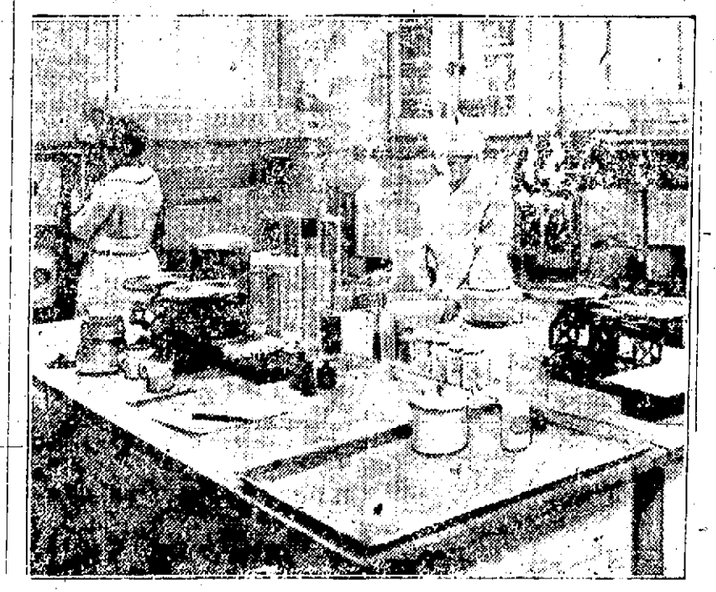
Soak 1 quart of dried cowpeas over night in water enough to cover. Cook until they are tender with one-half pound of salt pork sliced thin; add more water if necessary, and several slices of onion toward the close of the cooking process. Cook a pint of rice in three pints of water, mix the two, season with 2 tablespoonfuls of butter and 2 teaspoonfuls of salt. A beef bone may be used instead of the salt pork, but in that case the salt must be doubled and 4 tablespoonfuls of butter may be added.

Baked Cowpeas and Cheese.

1 tablespoonful butter.
1 tablespoonful finely chopped onion.
1 tablespoonful finely chopped sweet green pepper.
2 cupfuls cooked cowpeas.
1 cupful grated cheese.

Press the peas through a sieve to remove the skins, and mix with the cheese. Cook the onion and pepper in the butter, being careful not to brown, and add them to the peas and cheese. Form the mixture into a roll, place on a buttered earthenware dish and cook in a moderate oven until brown, basting occasionally with butter and water. Serve hot or cold as a substitute for meat.

WHERE RECIPES FOR AMERICAN KITCHEN ARE MADE AND TESTED



This is the home economics kitchen of the United States Department of Agriculture, where thousands of recipes for the American kitchen are made and tested. Both gas and electricity are used in cooking and the equipment is complete, accuracy and uniformity is perfect.

An Austrian mining engineer has invented a singing flame lamp to detect gases in mines.

Florence, Italy, is known as the city of flowers.

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STORMS BALK ASCENT OF PEAK

Mountaineers Make Daring Attempt to Climb Giant of the Himalayas.

WILL RENEW ATTACK LATER

British Explorers Get 21,000 Feet Up Mount Kinchinjunga and Are Compelled to Stop by Bad Weather—Encounter Difficulties.

Manchester, England—A Manchester Guardian correspondent at Calcutta remarks that great interest has been aroused by an attempt to climb Mount Kinchinjunga, one of the giants of the Himalayas.

Harold Raeburn, editor of Mountaineering, Art and C. G. Crawford of the Assam civil service, both members of the Alpine club, were known to be conducting preliminary explorations in the hope of finding an easy access to the summit.

More than one skirmish in the vicinity of Kinchinjunga was made, though the rains at the time were heavy and the ever-shifting ice fields in the mountains were likely to come down in terrific avalanches, making all climbing impossible without serious risk to life.

Their explorations led the climbers along the course of the Talung river, which takes its rise in the Talung glacier. Here they crossed streams, the bridges of which had been washed away, and passed impenetrable forests, through which they had to hew their way for several days. Undaunted by the rainy weather, they traveled almost straight north to Pamionghi, across the Giuchu Pass, 16,430 feet, to the Talung glacier, which is almost immediately to the south of Kinchinjunga, and there obtained a glorious view of the mountains.

Encounter Great Difficulties.

The party returned to Darjeeling and made their final preparations, engaging coolies and large quantities of stores. The rains, however, were so severe that it was not until September 2 that the two explorers were able to get away. Traveling out by the Singalila ridge, they attacked Kinchinjunga on the southwest side and explored the glaciers. Access to the summit by that direction was found difficult, but the party persevered and eventually camped out at a level of 20,000 feet.

Here more difficulties were met and bad weather was experienced. Snow began to fall and the expedition became increasingly hazardous. A further thousand feet was overcome, but at this point the attempt had to be abandoned.

The return was made by a new snow pass about 18,000 feet high. The weather was at first exceedingly bad, but conditions became better later. There was no rain on lower level, although occasional snow showers were met higher up. Considerable difficulty was experienced when returning, owing to the depth of new snows on the Sikkhim side, which were probably due to the bad weather experienced in the latter part of September. Finally the party reached Darjeeling in the middle of October, having been away over a month. Both the explorers were greatly impressed by the peaks, but confident that, given good weather, the summit could be attained.

Attempt Made in 1899.

It is interesting to recall that a similar attempt was made by Douglas W. Freshfield in 1899. Mr. Freshfield was led to undertake the exploration by the fact that owing, as he says, partly to cost and the difficulty of travel in Sikkhim and partly to the obstacle presented by the Nepalese frontier, no European had up to the end of the nineteenth century gone around the mountain. Even Sir Joseph Hooker did not approach near enough to explore the glaciers of the giant. As for official surveys, these according to Mr. Freshfield, have alternately ignored and caricatured the glaciers.

Mr. Freshfield did not think much of his tour from a climbing point of view.

"It is, of course, impossible," he writes, "to go up and down 75,000 feet without some climbing in the popular sense of the word, but in the technically Alpine sense we had far too little mountaineering for my taste. Rope and ice-ax played but a very subordinate part in our journey."

Toy Train Was for Himself.

Louisville, Ky.—He was a middle aged man and had just bought a $35 electric train.

And shall I send it for the little boy or will you take it with you?" the clerk inquired.

"Little boy!" the man exclaimed. "That train is for myself. When I was a boy I missed the good things of Christmas time and now that I am able to afford the things I missed in my childhood I'm going to have them. I'm going to have a lot of fun with this toy and then there will be the neighbors' children to help enjoy it."

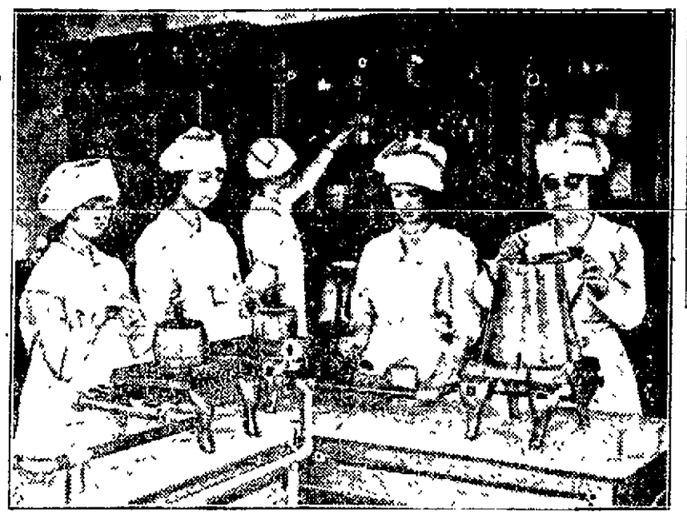
Wrecked at Journey's End.

Anchorage, Ky.—Charles D. Yeager and wife, after an auto trip to Detroit and back, were seriously injured when their car was wrecked almost at the gate of their home. They were pinioned under the wreckage for several hours.

Of Mexico's total mineral production, exclusive of oil, $90,000,000, only a third has bee exported and only two-fifths worked.

See "The Miracle Man" at the Eltinge tonight.

EVEN ONE HOT DISH WILL MAKE SCHOOL LUNCH MORE ENJOYABLE



The Larger Girls Take Turns in Preparing Soup or Cocoa for the School.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

In the small rural school with only one teacher, it is still the common custom for the pupils to bring their lunches. The parents of the children oftentimes are wide-awake to how valuable the hot lunch has been found to be in the city schools, but they cannot see, under the existing circumstances in their school, how such an innovation can be managed.

Experience has proved that the child who has even one hot dish at noon does much better, mentally and physically, than the one who has only cold food, especially in winter weather. The country child has quite as much right to the benefits of the practice as has the city child. Usually when there is a concerted will to provide something of the sort, a way is found.

The situation, however, will require a teacher of ingenuity and of enthusiasm for her work. The simplest equipment includes a large kettle suitable to be used on the stove which heats the schoolhouse, measuring cup and spoons, paring knife, mixing spoon, dish pans, and towels. It will usually be possible for the boys to make a set of shelves for the dishes, using box lumber, if no other is available, and for the girls to make curtains or other coverings for protection from dust. The pupils will, as a rule, be found willing to bring plates, cups, bowls, and spoons from home, if this is necessary, in order to keep down expenses. A fireless cooker can easily be made by the pupils as a class exercise. In this a hot dish for lunch can be prepared before school. The fireless cooker is convenient for meat stews, meat and bean soups, cereal mushes, and many other dishes that require long cooking.

The recipes for the dishes cooked for lunch may be given to the older girls in school, discussed in class, and tried at home. The special dish for the day, which in winter is usually hot and in summer more often cold, can be prepared and served at noon by the girls in turn, working in groups. It will often be necessary to serve the food to the children at their seats—a practice which is not especially objectionable if the schoolhouse is clean and well ventilated, the desks carefully cleaned before meals, and the building thoroughly screened to keep out flies, which are always dangerous around food, since they can convey to it the bacteria which cause intestinal and other diseases.

Clean Hands Essential.

Clean hands should always be insisted upon, as well as clean spoons, dishes, etc., and individual drinking cups. Furthermore, children should be taught not to drink out of each other's cups or glasses or to use one another's spoons or forks.

It is seldom desirable to prepare more than one dish a day in a small school, and this should, for the sake of variety, differ from day to day. The others can be brought from home. The choice of the dish to be cooked should be determined partly by what it is possible to do in the way of cooking at the school, partly by what purchased or home-grown food is available, and what the school garden or neighboring fields or woods afford, and, partly by what the teacher has learned from experience is needed to go with the foods brought from home. The noonday meal as a whole will then be appetizing and will provide the needed nutrients as they are now understood.

BEANS VERY POPULAR AS ECONOMICAL FOOD

They Are One of Cheapest Sources of Protein.

Used Chiefly as a Meat Substitute and a Cupful Equals in Food Value a Quarter of a Pound of Juicy Sirloin Steak.

Beans, though higher in price than they were several years ago, are still among the cheaper foods that can be bought today. They are one of the cheapest sources of protein and may be used to help supply this valuable food constituent in the diet, according to United States Department of Agriculture specialists. They are known chiefly as a meat substitute dish. A cup of baked beans, in which a third of a cup of dried beans are used, furnishes as much protein as a quarter of a pound of sirloin steak. Obviously the third of a cup of dried beans is much the cheaper to purchase. A pound of beef as purchased usually has some refuse in the form of skin, bone and gristle, while a pound of beans has practically no refuse. From this standpoint, therefore, as well as the difference in price, the housewife who finds her wood allowance growing low will do well to use beans often in place of meat.

The cheaper legumes, beans, peas, etc., should not be depended upon as the sole source of protein for a great length of time. Milk, cheese, eggs, or meat should furnish some of the protein in a week's dietary.

There is little difference in food value among the many common varieties of beans, with the exception of the soy bean, which is richer in protein and in fat than the ordinary beans. All legumes should be thoroughly cooked. Long cooking at moderate heat is best.

A favorite and standard recipe for baking beans is the following: Soak the beans over night, then rinse and boil them until the skins crack when blown upon, but the beans are not quite soft. Use one-half pound of salt pork to one quart of beans. Cut the pork nearly through the rind and add before boiling the beans. After boiling, pour into the bean pot, insert the pork, the cut rind being level with the top of the beans. Add a pint of water used for boiling, having first mixed with the water a teaspoonful of salt and two tablespoons of molasses. The water should come about to the surface of the contents. Bake six to eight hours, adding more water when needed to prevent the top drying or burning. Beans, when done, should be thoroughly softened, but not mushy, and should retain their shape.

Baked-Bean Croquettes.

1 cupful baked bean pulp.	½ teaspoonful salt.
1 teaspoonful onion juice	⅛ teaspoonful pepper.
½ cupful milk.	2 tablespoonfuls flour
	1 tablespoonful fat.

Melt the fat, stir in the flour, salt, and pepper and mix with the cold milk. Cook until thick and smooth, stirring constantly. Combine this with the beans to which the onion juice has been added. Let stand for two or three hours; then shape as for croquettes. Roll in bread crumbs, then in beaten egg, then in bread crumbs again. Place them in deep fat and cook until nicely browned. Tomato sauce may be served with these croquettes. A recipe for it follows:

Tomato Sauce.

1 cupful tomato juice	1 slice onion.
2 tablespoonfuls flour	1 tablespoonful fat.
1 teaspoonful salt	¼ teaspoonful pepper.

Melt the fat and stir in the flour and seasonings. Add the tomato juice and cook until thickened, stirring constantly.

Bean Loaf.

1 pint cold cooked beans.	1 tablespoonful finely chopped onion
1 egg.	2 tablespoonfuls tomato catsup
1 cupful bread crumbs	Salt and pepper

Combine the ingredients and shape into a loaf. Place strips of bacon on top of loaf. Bake 25 minutes. Tomato sauce may be served with this loaf.

This loaf should be used in place of meat in the menu and may be served with escalloped tomatoes, or onions, or creamed cauliflower.

Kidney-Bean Stew.

¾ cupful dried kidney beans	3 small potatoes (diced)
1 onion	3 pints water.
1½ tablespoonfuls rice.	3 tomatoes (sliced or quartered).
	1½ tablespoonfuls fat.

Soak beans overnight. Add one quart of water and cook until half done. Add the other ingredients and cook slowly until all ingredients are tender. Add more water if necessary.

This dish may be served in place of meat and other cooked vegetables in a meal. A fruit salad or a salad made of green vegetables, such as cucumbers or radishes, may be used in such a menu.

HOUSEHOLD FACTS

Cakes containing no shortening may be baked in ungreased pans.

* * *

If you wish your bread to have a soft crust wrap in a clean cloth as soon as it comes from the oven.

Five hundred tons of peach stones, gathered during war time for the manufacture of gas masks, but not used, were sold recently for fuel.

The average elevation of Delaware is sixty feet above sea level, less than that of any other state.

Siam has more than 1,200 motor cars.

Beulah Lignite Coal $5.50 and Bear Creek Coal $12.50 delivered. Wachter Transfer Co. Phone 62 or 63.

INDIANS NOW 336,337

Estimate of Population Is Given Out by Commissioner.

Increase of 31,387 for Last Ten Years Is Shown—Total Area of Indian Lands 589,111 Acres.

Green Bay, Wis.—The Indian population of the United States, according to Cato Sells, commissioner of Indian affairs, is 336,337, as against 304,950 ten years ago, showing an increase of 31,387.

The Oneida Indian reservation, near here, has a population of 2,657, Commissioner Sells' annual report states. Although no figures for last year are available, he believes this year's total is a substantial increase over that of 1919.

Population of other Indian reservations in this vicinity show: Keshena school, 5,023, including a large number of students from the Oneida reservation school, which was closed last year; Laona agency 364; Winnebago, 1,251; Menominee, 1,760.

Wisconsin has a total Indian population of 10,319, Commissioner Sells reports.

Marriages last year between Indians and whites total nine in the state, while those between Indians totaled seventy-eight. Of the total number of Indians in Wisconsin, 3,461 are Protestants and 1,955 Catholics.

The total area of Indian lands in the state is shown as 549,111 acres, Keshena reservation is the largest, having 231,680 acres.

Tuberculosis is still the "white plague" among the Indians, but the commissioner details the progress made in fighting it, a series of lessons in sanitation and correct living.

AN ENGLISH BEAUTY

A charming portrait of Lady Cecelia Katherine Wellesley, daughter of Clare, Countess of Cowley. Her mother is a daughter of Sir Francis George Stapleton, and widow of the third Earl of Cowley.

HONOR FOR 'HIGHLAND MARY'

Admirers of Robert Burns, Scotch Poet, Remove Body to Its New Resting Place.

Greenock, Scotland.—With great solemnity the remains of Mary Campbell, Robert Burns' "Highland Mary," were transferred from the Old West kirk yard here to a new grave in Greenock cemetery.

The removal was necessitated by an extension of a local shipyard.

From the spot where Mary was buried 134 years ago the coffin was borne reverently on the shoulders of representatives of Burns clubs from all over the country to its new resting place, and a large crowd of Burns admirers attended an impressive funeral service.

The monument which Burns admirers erected on Mary's grave in 1842 covers the new tomb.

Human Fly Helps Anchor Shabby Walls

New York.—Aided by a "human fly," workmen assumed the hazardous task of anchoring tottering walls of the nine-story Strathmore apartment and store building at Broadway and Fifty-second street, half of which collapsed Wednesday, burying, it is believed, seven workmen in debris.

While the steeple jack in the glare of powerful searchlights scaled the walls and at each tier made fast cables anchored in the center of the structure a corps of firemen dug in tons of brick and plaster below searching for bodies of victims.

Father and Son Join Army.

Louisville, Ky.—After passing the army medical examination, Jacob Barnett aged thirty-five and his son Hurdley, eighteen, have gone to their home to get their affairs in shape. They will become members of the same unit and are now under orders to report to San Diego, Cal., for coast defense service.

The Scotch song "Comin' Through the Rye," does not refer to a rye field, but to the River Rye.

See "The Miracle Man" at the Eltinge tonight.

GOULD'S FORMER WIFE A DANCER—The former wife of Frank Jay Gould is now a dancer and will soon appear on the stage in Paris. The Goulds were divorced there last summer. She created a sensation in Paris recently, when she appeared in a dance as shown here with her face, shoulders, arms and legs gilded with gold powder.

Maine factories produce annually about 800,000,000 wooden spools on which thread is wound for sale.

Parasol ants of Brazil march in single file, each with a piece of leaf over its body.

SCHEME TO HARNESS BRITISH TIDAL WATERS

Plan to Erect a Power Plant Greater Than That of Niagara Falls.

The British Ministry of Transport has just made public a scheme to harness the tidal waters of the River Severn at a cost of £30,000,000 and to erect a power plant greater than that of Niagara Falls. The Severn divides England from Wales.

The project is an outcome of the efforts of Sir Alexander Gibb, chief engineer of ports construction in the British army during the war and builder of the great naval dockyard at Rosyth. It is calculated that the power plant could produce 1,000,000 horsepower at its peak load capacity and that it would save 3,000,000 to 4,000,000 tons of coal a year. It is claimed that it would revolutionize the whole industry of the west of England and even supply London with cheap electric current.

A concrete dam would be placed across the river creating a locked basin twenty-seven square miles in extent, into which vessels could pass through a channel. It is estimated that the undertaking would provide work for 250,000 men for seven years.

In the spring tides the Severn rises thirty-eight feet, the second highest tide after the Bay of Fundy. The fact that tidal waters have never yet been used for the generation of electricity on such a vast scale, coupled with the big estimated cost of the scheme, make engineering experts cautious in expressing views as to its feasibility.

The Times editorially refers to the project as "somewhat flamboyant." The consent of parliament must be obtained before the scheme can be put into operation.

Tweeds Copied From Nature.

Ideas for the colors in the best Scotch tweeds are found in the bed of the River Garry, in the pass of Killiecrankie. Granite, porphyry and jasper are found there in rich reds, grays and greens, beautifully mottled and mixed in finely contrasted colors.

In the new German government women over 20 have the same voting privileges as men.

READERS ENTITLED TO BOTH SIDES OF ANY QUESTION ELSE PROGRESS BY INDEPENDENT THOUGHT IS IMPOSSIBLE

You frequently hear it said in some such way as this:

"What I object to, and where I think too many newspapers avoid their responsibility is printing opinions as news; for then they take away from the public, that must depend upon the newspaper for the major part of its information, the basis for founding that independent opinion without which the best progress is impossible."

A newspaper's first function is to print the news.

Its views are of secondary importance, but news is the chief commodity which the reader buys.

The Tribune's policy is to carry the news to the people every evening without fear or favor in local, state and national affairs.

IT HAS NO POLITICAL AMBITIONS TO SERVE.

IT IS THE SERVANT OF NO VESTED INTERESTS.

IT INTENDS TO BE INDEPENDENT IN THE HANDLING OF NEWS, HEWING TO THE LINE AND LETTING THE CHIPS FALL WHERE THEY MAY.

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North Dakota's oldest newspaper.

Not a class organ, but dedicated to the best interests of Bismarck, North Dakota and the nation.

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